THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD, MARCH 1866. "Liberty and Union, One and Inseparable."—WEBSTER. TERMS: $2.00—$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

VOL. 38. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1903. NO. 36.

State Library ... Light 1904

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Oct. 26, 1903.

Editor Press:—

The Ohio and Maryland campaign continues to absorb the interest of politicians and the prospects of the republicans in each look bright. Senator Hanna has completely regained his health and seems to gain in force and enthusiasm as the contest progresses, while Tom Johnson and Clarke have worn themselves out. In Maryland the republican factions have buried their differences, at least for the present, and are united in their attempts to rescue the state from the Gorman thraldom. This is due largely to the influence of the President who has shown such keen interest in the state campaign. Senator Hanna's recent attack on Bryan has caused a good deal of amusement among republicans here. He said, "He (Bryan) has told that a panic was impending. He ought to know because he helped to bring on one panic. Bryan's visits to Ohio induced me to make a visit to Nebraska in 1900. I spoke three times in Lincoln, Bryan's own town, and Bryan that year did not carry his own precinct, his own ward, his own town, his own county, his own state. Mr. Bryan has said I would not dare to come to Zanesville, because forsooth a soap factory had failed. Perhaps if it had not failed, and some of William Jennings Bryan's followers had used some of that soap it might have done them good." One of the amusing incidents of the Maryland campaign is the effort to teach the illiterate voters, a large percentage of whom are white, how to mark the ballot, as the new election laws forbid any assistance in the voting booth, except in the case of physial disability. There will be seven names on the ballot and those who cannot read will have great difficulty in marking the right one. The negroes are well organized and the republicans gather them together in nightly meetings to teach them to recognize the word "Republican." The greatest difficulty in the past was to teach them to distinguish between the republican and prohibition names, as to an illiterate "R" and "P" look very much alike. The white illiterate democrats are ashamed to receive this pubic instruction, and many of their votes will thus be lost to the party.

Republicans will have complete control of the Fifty-eighth Congress which meets in extra session on Noveber 9. Their majority in the Senate will be twenty-four, and in the House thirty. Many new faces are seen among the members who arrive in Washington. Twelve Senators will see their first service, exeept for ten days extra session of the Senate last spring. There will be 118 new members in the House, among them William Randolph Hearst who aspires to the democratic nomination next year. Mr. Gorman will attempt to lead a united democratic minority in the Senate and as he, too, has Presidential aspirations, he will be watched more closely than usual. His resentment at the President's attempts to harmonize the republican factions in Maryland, together with the fact that his brother had been dismissed from a position in the Treasury Department, will not tend toward the increase of good feeling between the leader of the democratic minority and the Administration. Short, economical and business-like, is the republican program for the extra and regular sessions which precede the presidential election.

Everybody reads the PRESS.

The Star Course Announcement.

The teachers of our public schools have assumed the management of the Star Course this season and will soon begin an active canvass for the sale of tickets. The price for each ticket to remain the same as a year ago, $1 50, for the five attractions including a reserve seat. The proceeds of the course will be applied to the purchase of reference books and various needed appliances for use in the schools. The object thus being a worthy one and the character of the attractions the highest, the patronage will doubtless be the largest. The maintenance of an entertainment course is one of the best proofs of the refinement and intelligence of a community and there seems to be a peculiar fitness in the public school forces being the fosterers and promoters of such an enterprize. The talent has been selected with the most discriminating judgment and is offered the public in the full confidence that the most exacting requirements will be fully met.

Dec. 2nd—Lulu Tyler Gates Company of Artists. This Company includes Lulu Tyler Gates, reader; Helen Carter McConnell, contralto; Marie Ludwig, harpist and accompanist, and H. Benne Henton, clarinet saxophone. The program they will present will be unique, novel, popular and artistic.

Dec. 18—Harvey Graeme Fusbay—Lecture. Dr. Fusbay's subject will be announced later. He has all the graces of the polished rhetorician. His power of sarcasm has been likened to John J. Ingalls. He completed both a legal and theological course, afterwards devoting three years to the study of history. He has won distinction both professionally and on the platform and has the rare afflatus of the true orator.

Jan. 19—Ross Crane (C. Edgar Rosecrans.) Cartoonist, Humorist, Monologist. Mr. Crane is an artist of rare ability. His repertoire includes, humorous caricatures, character sketches, crayon and clay modeling, musical monologies, impersonations, transformation scenes and illustrated songs.

Feby. 8th.—The Byron Troubadours, Novelty Musical Entertainers This is no common place Company but a gallaxy of brilliant players. They use piano, harp, violin, mandolin, banjo, saxpohone, etc., they are also choice vocalists. No company now before the public presents an evening entertainment so replete with bright sparkling instrumental numbers and catchy singing and jubilee work.

Feby. 20.—The Jausen Carnival Company. This Company includes Harry Jansen magician and Illusionist and the world famous C. Deronda and James Oliver Peet in a Carnival of musical novelties. No similar combination has been more favorably received. The Chicago Y. M. C. A., has booked it three seasons in succession and is enthusiastic in its commendation.

Troubadours Coming.

The famous Troubadours under the management of E. W. Dale, have opened a most successful season with the "Ex-President of Liberia."

That they are brighter and better than ever before goes without saying. With their beautiful scenic effects and investments of costume and its elaborate stage mountings, it only goes to show that the enterprising musical comedy company is fast climbing the ladder of footlight fame. They will appear at the Opera house, Oct 31, one night only.

Death of a Child.

Donald, the five year old child of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Hollowill, died at their home on East Fifth street, Friday evening, Oct. 23 of brain disease. The bright little fellow had been ill for some weeks, his sickness defying the best efforts of his physician to effect a cure. Funeral services were held at the home last Saturday afternoon by the Rev. O. S. Metzler. Much sympathy is manifested for the parents in their affliction.

Old Portraits, &c., Wanted.

A gentleman with McClure's Magazine desires to purchase for literary use small or large quantities of old portraits, views, comical pictures, letters, &c. Old books, magazines or scrap-books containing them will do if in good condition. If any of our subscribers know of anything write to R. F. Pick, account McClure's Magazine, 145 E. 25th st., New York City, N. Y.

Desirable House for Rent.

The newly constructed twenty-one room house, located on Sixth street, Emporium, Pa., suitable for hotel or boarding House, is elegantly constructed and is supplied with gas, steam and two bath rooms, as well as all other modern conveniences.

CLIMAX POWDER M'F'G CO.,
38-tf. Emporium, Pa.

Arm Broken.

James Russell, employed at John Bauer's farm, fell from a hay loft, last Wednesday, breaking his left arm. Dr. Bardwell reduced the fracture and the young man is getting along nicely.

Bargain in Books.

A complete set of Brittanica Encyclopaedia, consisting of thirty volumes, and key. Are all new and in original packages. Will be sold at a bargain. Apply at PRESS office. 36tf

Back Broken.

A workman named Frankenfield, employed on the B. & S. iron bridge at Sinnamahoning, fell to the ground, a distance of thirty feet, on Monday. It is feared his back is broken. The injured man was taken to Ridgway hospital.

Rapidly Failing.

J. M. Davison received word on Monday that his mother, who resides at Chambersburg, Pa., was rapidly failing. He took Erie mail same day, for Chambersburg. Mrs. Davison, who formerly resided in Emporium, is in her 86th year and has been an invalid for several years.

Mother's Club.

Emporium High School, Sept. 15, '03. The Mother's Club was organized and the following officers were elected: Mrs. Larrabee, President; Mrs. C. W. Shaffer, Vice-Pres., for East Ward; Mrs. H. S. Lloyd, Vice-Pres. for Middle Ward; Mrs. D. Downey, Vice-Pres. for West Ward; Mrs. E. H. Gregory, Treasurer and Mrs. P. H. Burke, Secretary.

The object of these meetings are to help teachers and pupils. The subject under discussion was whether it would be wise to offer prizes to the best pupil in deportment, attendance and punctuality, thereby giving the average child the same chance with the bright child. The discussion brought out the following questions. What the prizes should be?—medals or money deposited in bank in pupils name, also in how many schools the prizes should be offered.

No decision was reached and it was laid over until the meeting of Oct 16.

The meeting of Oct. 16th was opened a selection of music from the High School.

The discussion of the subject of last meeting was opened and the high school was selected as the school in which the prize is to be offered. To each of four classes, the sum of five dollars will be given the winner, and if it proves satisfactory and benefits the pupil in one way, it will be offered to the grammar and intermediate grades next year. Another selection of music. The discussion of the supervision of the library. Miss Kaye favored the members with a piano solo.

Next meeting will be held Nov. 13, 1903. All mothers are invited to attend these meetings.

The Gamble Recital.

The largest audience of the week heard the best entertainment of the Institute series at the opera house, last Thursday night. This is not to disparage the others, as all were delightful in their way and well deserved the generous applause they received. Ernest Gamble, however, is an Emporium favorite, and the good opinion entertained of his work a year ago, gained strength and prestige by his recital on Thursday evening,

It would be difficult to describe his voice and the task will not here be attempted. Suffice to say, that all those qualities desired in a professional singer but withall so seldom found, he possesses in an unusual degree. Breadth and purity, smoothness, sweetness and richness of voice added to a rare charm and magnetism of manner, make him almost the ideal concert artist.

Mr. Edwin M. Shonert, pianist, and Miss Bertha Webb, violinist, were equally superb in their respective roles. In associating with himself artists of such marked ability, Mr. Gamble has given to his company an unchallenged pre-eminence among all similar organizations. Mr. Shonert's superior as a pianist has never appeared on the local stage. His auditors were charmed with his intelligent and sympathetic interpretation of the classic compositions of the old masters, while Miss Webb's violin solos were finely executed and received with every evidence of pleasure.

First Methodist Episcopal Church.

The time of the Sunday Evening serviceis changed from 7:30 to 7 o'clock. Special revival services will be held in the church each evening during the coming week beginning at 7:30 o'clock. A kind welcome is extended to all.

The Death of David L. Barber.

The PRESS last week gave announcement of the horrible death of David L. Barber, near Driftwood. The Driftwood Gazette says:

The following day workmen shifted every part of the debris and found part of a dog's skull and $75 in gold, but not a trace of the unfortunate man's remains could be found. Some people are of the opinion that he became crazed and, during the absence of his wife, rushed from the burning building and wandered off into the woods, while others believe that he was cremated beneath a large pile of brick which were still red-hot eighteen hours after the house was in ashes. The latter theory is no doubt the correct one, as the searchers found a pocket knife, match box and the rim of a pocket book which, Mrs. Barber declares, he always carried.

Mr. Barber was aged 81 years, and resided in this county a great many years. He owned two farms, also a property in town, but the supposition that he had considerable money hoarded has been disproved. Besides his wife, he is survived by one brother, Amos, who is also a well known and highly respected citizen of this place.

Since the above was placed in type, part of a bone, about four inches in length, has been found but whether it is part or Mr. Barber's or the dog's remains is not yet known.

Climbing Up.

John D. Morrissey, of Superior, Wis., arrived in Emporium last week to visit his mother a few days and talk over old times with his Emporium friends. While in town the PRESS enjoyed a visit from this energetic young gentleman, who left here for the west fourteen years. That he has shown his friends what perseverance will do, coupled with strict attention to business, is a self-evident fact. Mr. Morrissey is general agent of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic R. R., at Superior, Wis., where he has charge of four agencies and twenty-seven clerks. F. M. Cole, also an old Emporium boy, is Mr. Morrissey's cashier.

Certainly Emporium is proud of the boys she has turned out upon the business world. They are many and in almost every instance have rapidly climbed the ladder of industry, perseverance and responsibility. Would that more of our young men would follow in the foot steps of those who have passed out into the business world. This world is full of opportunities, just as good as it ever was, for right kind of material.

Gone to Memorial Home.

Mrs. John Pepper, of Sterling Run, widow of the old soldier who died at that place some time ago, having been in poor health since her husband's death and unable to care for herself, the facts became known to the Woman's Relief Corps of Emporium who promptly took up the matter, inquiring into the details, finally arranged to have the old lady conveyed to and cared for at the Brookville Memorial Home. Mrs. R. P. Heilman, who is president of the Corps, started last Tuesday, with Mrs. Pepper for Brookville, where she will be carefully cared for. The Corps has assumed the care of her property, which they offer for sale and hope to be able to realize sufficient from it to pay her outstanding accounts and her expenses at the Home.

Should be Stopped.

There seems to be a large number of impostors begging from house to house and otherwise imposing on our citizens this fall, some of these individuals being able-bodied men, and if their request is refused will make an impudent remark to the person not complying with their demand. While there undoubtedly are some unfortunates among these beggars, we think they should stay where they belong and not impose on strangers. Our authorities should take up this matter and put a stop to this imposition on our people, who have enough to do to take care of their own poor without being bothered and insulted by other peoples.

Serious Fall.

Hon. L. Taggart is confined to his bed suffering greatly from the effects of a fall last Saturday, while stepping from his yard to the street walk. The flag stone in front of his gate being quite frosty he slipped and fell, striking on his right side with great force. It was at first thought he had broken some of his ribs. He suffers great pain and no doubt will be confined to his residence for some time.

ROOSEVELT FOR HONESTY

Addresses Pan-American Conference of Episcopal Bishops.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 26.—President Roosevelt last evening addresed the Pan-American conference of Episcopal Bishops in session in this city, his discourse being devoted to man's duty to God, the State, his family and his neighbor. The President pleaded for honesty in its highest sense on the part of private citizen and public servant.

Mr. Roosevelt declared that good intentions cannot be effective without power to make them felt in action. This power, he asserted, should be cultivated. Continuing, the President said:

"In the seventh hymn which we sung in the last line you all joined in singing "God Save the State." Do you intend merely to sing that, or to try to do it? If you intend merely to sing it, your part in doing it will be but small.

"The State will be saved, if the Lord puts it into the heart of the average man so to shape his life that the State shall be worth saving, and only on those terms.

"We need civic righteousness. The best Constitution that the wit of man has ever devised, the best institutions that the ablest statesmen in the world ever have reduced to practice by law or by custom, shall be of no avail if they are not vivified by the spirit which makes a State great by making it honest, just and brave in the ffrst place.

"If you have not honesty in the average private citizen or public servant, then all else goes for nothing. The abler a man is, the more dexterous, the shrewder, the bolder, why, the more dangerous he is if he has not the root of right-living and right-thinking in him—and that in private life, and even more in public life.

"Exactly, as in time of war, although you needed in each fighting man far more than courage, yet all else counts for nothing if there is not that courage upon which to base it. So, in our civil life, although we need that the average man in private life, that the average public servant shall have far more than honesty, yet all other qualities go for nothing or for worse than nothing unless honesty underlins them.

"I ask for militant honesty, for the honesty of the kind that makes those who have it discontented with themselves as long as they have failed to do everything that in them lies to stamp out dishonesty wherever it can be found, in high place or in low. I ask then that our people feel quickened within them the burning indignation against wrong in every shape which shall take effect in condemnation, especially condemnation of that wrong, whether found in private or in pubic life at the moment.

"Surely in every moment for the betterment of our life, our life socially in the truest and deepest sense, our life political, we have a special right to ask not merely support, but leadership from those of the church."

The Famous Troubadours.

Among the specialties of the Troubadours is Miss Nettie Taylor, queen of instrumentalists; William A Baynard, specialty pianist; Ben Toledo, unsurmountable juggler, whose wonderful skill in the art of balancing holds all audiences spell bound, and Montrose Douglass, trick bicyclist and unicyclist presenting a turn in trick bicycle riding that is hard to be equalled, and Walter Jones, dancing comedian and tamborine artist, all of which are very good numbers. And in conclusion we can only say that each group of footlight charmers appear more dashing and handsome than its predecessor, and that collectively the chorus is the best heard here for some time. They will appear at the opera House on Oct. 31 one night only.

Prosperous Sheep Farm.

W. R. Johnson, of Bryan Hill, to day received a blooded Shrapshire ram from Hudson River, which he placed on his farm, where he pays strict attention to sheep, having raised over a hundred within the past year and furnished his trade with eighty lambs.

WEATHER REPORT.
(Forecast by T. B. Lloyd.)
FRIDAY, Rain.
SATURDAY, Rain.
SUNDAY, Fair.

OPERA HOUSE,
ONE NIGHT ONLY.
SATURDAY EVENING, OCT. 31.
The Famous
TROUBADOURS
Comedy Company
Direction of
E. W. DALE,
Presents the Hurricane Success
THE EX-PRESIDENT OF LIBERIA
A Tunefully Melodious, Hilariously Funny, Refined and unequalled
MUSICAL COMEDY
In two acts.
EMBRACING THE CREAM OF COLORED TALENT.
Evolutionizing and Eclipsing all Previous Similar Efforts.
QUALITY NOT QUANTITY OUR MOTTO.
We excell in both by introducing
25 Artists 25
The Sweetest Singers, Efficient Musicians, Graceful and Artistic Dancers. Astounding Specialties, Georgeous Costumes. Car load of special and beautiful scenery from DANIEL'S Studio. Funniest Commedians, Ludicrous Situations, Brilliant Climaxes, Witty Dialogue and Pretty Women.
Prices:—Opera chairs, 75c; Reserved seats, 50c; General admission, 35c; Gallery, 25c.
Seats on sale at Lloyd's book store.

Warm Reception Tendered Rev. W. A. Pugsley and Wife, at Erie.

One of the most pleasant social gatherings in the history of the Second Baptist church was held last night at the church, corner Twenty-third and Reed streets, in the form of a reception to their new pastor Rev. W. A. Pugsley and wife, who commenced their labors with them Oct. 4, 1903. The auditorium of the church was well filled with members of the several Baptist churches of the city and a goodly number of their invited friends.

A lengthy program was rendered in which a number of the clergy of the city spoke warm words of welcome to the Rev. gentleman and his wife.

The response to the words of welcome were very feelingly responded to by Rev. W. A. Pugsley, giving the speakers and hearers a few of his well chosen remarks as to his ambitions and desires for the building up of a strong church, and thanking all for the hearty welcome extended to himself and wife.

After a few remarks by Deacon Hicks the congregation was introduced to Rev. Pugsley and his estimable wife, Deacon Hicks and wife acting as host and hostess, after which the visitors and members retired to the very tastily arranged dining room in the basement of the church, where the good things prepared by the Ladies' Aid society were discussed at some length. Covers wer spread for 150, two large tables well filled with the things that appear to the inner man.

Rev. W. A. Pugsley came to Erie with flattering testimonials from his former charge at Emporium, Pa., and from leading citizens of that place. That his departure was sincerely, regretted is attested by a letter from the clerk of the First Baptist church of Emporium, and that his retirement was deplored by the people of Emporium generally is evidenced by letters from Hon. H. H. Mullin, member of legislature from Cameron county, C. E. Crandall, teller of the First National bank, and a number of Emporium's foremost people.—Erie Times.

Serious Accident.

Word was received here on Monday that John Powell, of Buffalo, formerly a resident of Emporium, was seriously, if not fatally injured last Sunday by falling from a forty foot trestle, while working for the Lackawanna Iron Co. At this writing his case is considered very critical.

Jndge McDonald.

Hon. John McDonald has been quite ill for several days, which has prevented his calling upon the voters, as he desired. It is hoped his many friends will carefully look to his interests and see that he gets the handsome majority he so justly deserves. Vote for Hon. John McDonald for Associate Judge.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

A recent remarkable illustration of the influence of railway transportation on commerce is given by the opening of the western section of the Transsiberian railway. There were only 140 dairies in Siberia in 1898, which produced for export about 5,000,000 pounds of butter. In 1902 there were 2,500 dairies, producing upward of 90,000,000 pounds.

William Smith, one of the oldest soldiers in the United States, died at his home in Communipaw avenue, Hoboken. He had been in the army over 50 years, serving in the Florida war, the Creek war in Georgia, the Mexican and the civil war. For several years he had been blind, but in other respects his health was good until a few days before his death.

The number of Europeans who speak English has doubled in a century, so that 27 per cent. of the population of Europe is English-speaking. There are far more English-speaking people outside England—in the United States, Canada and Australia—than in England; and now that English has been made compulsory in India, about 300,000,000 have been, or are in process of being, added.

An important change is the great improvement in the flashlight from Lizard Point, which was put in operation the other day. As all American travelers know, the Lizard light is the first they see from the ship in approaching the English coast. For more than 150 years the familiar double lights have been shown from this promontory, but henceforth only one electric light will irradiate the sea. The light exhibits a flash every five seconds.

Rosy-cheeked girls as emissaries to educate the people of the southwest to the use of beet sugar instead of cane is the scheme of Henry T. Oxnard, the California sugar king, and he started a dozen of them out the other day. In Southern California, the heart of the beet sugar industry, a thousand pounds of the cane product to a hundred of the beet is used, and Mr. Oxnard proposes by his unique plan to change radically this state of affairs. A house-to-house canvass will be made.

Parisians have become tired of the Eiffel tower, once their pride and the grand attraction of the exposition of 1889, and are clamoring for its removal. Experts have been called upon to say how long the tower, if left to itself, will stand, and, with the usual diversity of opinion that characterizes experts in all lines, they fix the time at from 50 to 200 hundred years. In order to gain time and quiet clamor upon the matter the authorities have extended the concession of the company that owns it ten years.

Decidedly queer objects have led London "hired girls" to rob their mistresses of late, the quaintest being that of a damsel of 18, who stole $2.50 in order to get a Bible. The girl had "gone in" for the Bible, which was an especially luxurious one, issued by a London publisher on the installment plan. She was to pay $2.50 a month and had done so twice. When the time came to pay the third installment, however, the slavey found herself short, so, rather than lose the Book of Holy Writ, she stole half of a sovereign out of her mistress' desk.

Public patience was rewarded the other day by the death mask of the late President McKinley being placed on exhibition at the National museum, Washington. For over a year hundreds of inquiries daily have been made of the men in charge of the hall of American history, where the relics of other presidents repose, for some memento of President McKinley. The mask was taken off President McKinley at 7 o'clock on Sunday morning, September 15, by E. L. A. Pausch at the home of John Milburn. It was finished in Buffalo.

One of the most picturesque characters in Europe is the Countess Schimmelmann, of Denmark. She devotes her life to missionary work. For eight years she has traveled extensively in heathen lands. She sold nearly all her property and with the proceeds bought the Pigeon, a vessel with which she visited 57 cities in 15 countries, preaching the gospel to sailors and the poor. She has founded religious journals in England and America. A German publisher gave her 50,000 marks for her memoirs. She is not on good terms with her relatives.

ALLISON FOR THE TARIFF.

Iowa Senator Declares That Protection Cannot Be Charged with Fostering Trusts.

At Clinton, Ia., October 10, Senator William B. Allison spoke upon the tariff and trusts, arguing strongly in support of high tariff taxes and declaring the same to be irresponsible for trust evils. The senator said:

"It is conceded that the protection policy is the basis of what are known as trust combinations in our country, and that if these are to be crippled or destroyed the most effective weapon is free trade in trust-made goods—that is to say, that goods produced in other countries of character and quality similar to those produced by a trust in this country shall be placed on the free list. The effect of this, of course, would be to place all goods of this character imported on the free list, whether competitive goods were made by a trust combination or by independent factories competing with the trust, thus allowing world-wide competition in this class of goods.

"The plan is impossible of execution even if otherwise effective, as it would lead to endless contests and conflicts on the question of what are trust-made goods and what are goods of like character produced here and also produced abroad.

Tariff Not the Cause.

"The basis of this proposal is a false one. The tariff is not the foundation of these combinations, nor does it promote them in any material degree. Whatever their origin, it cannot be found in our tariff laws. If it were so found then these combinations would be confined to those manufacturers benefited by the tariff. But it so happens that many of these combinations, and the largest of them, have no relation whatever to the tariff, but have grown up without tariff protection, and wholly outside of it.

"The Standard Oil trust is a conspicuous example of this. There is not now and never has been any duty on its product.

"It is said there is a beef combination that is able to control prices and limit production because of the tariff. There is a duty upon live cattle imported. The repeal of this duty would help rather than injure this combination.

"Trusts or combinations in our country have largely increased within the last few years, not because of our tariff policy, but rather because they are part of the economic evolution taking place in the world's production. They exist in all countries having protective tariffs, and they exist as well in free trade England. Many evils have resulted from them, but these evils cannot be traced to our tariff policy nor are they confined to our country. They are seen on the continent and in Great Britain as well.

"Effective control of trusts must be had through national and state regulation in cooperation. Our greatest lawyers believe they can be so controlled. The laws upon our federal statute books providing a national control have been placed there by the republican party, including the effective statute passed by the last congress.

"It is said that our currency system is defective in the respect that it does not have that elasticity in volume required by the commercial activities of our country at various seasons and periods of the year. This is measurably true, but there is elasticity arising from the character of our gold circulation, as, if more money is needed for the transaction of business, gold flows in; if less money is required, and gold is more valuable elsewhere, it flows out. And experience shows that national banks expand their circulation, though not largely, to meet the varying wants of currency circulation and our credit money, through bank deposits, gives elasticity to that class of circulating money or credit.

"This subject may be considered by the congress soon to convene, but I am sure that no change will receive the sanction of a republican congress that will so revolutionize our system as to deprive the government itself of the substantial control that it now has and exercises over bank circulation as well as over other forms of paper money, nor will any modification be made that will not provide absolute security of the notes issued by or under the authority of the government and their convertibility at the will of the holder into gold."

FACTS ABOUT WAGES.

Average Much Higher Under Protection in America Than in Free Trade Europe.

The statement in the recent British blue book showing that English exports to the United States declined from $145,000,000 in 1890 to $97,500,000 in 1902, is not the chief tribute which is paid to the value of the policy of protection. Nor is the most significant evidence of the failure of free trade found in the statement that the imports from the United States have increased from $485,000,000 to $635,000,000 during the same period.

The increase of this country's exports, in the face of the decline in British exports, is truly marvelous, says the Cleveland Leader. What the blue book has to say about wages is, however, the thing of most vital interest. "The average level of wages in the United States," it is declared, "is one and one-twelfth times greater than in the United Kingdom, while in Germany wages are only two-thirds and in France three-fourths of the average prevailing in the United Kingdom. The percentage of family incomes is, furthermore, estimated at 100 per cent. in England, 123 per cent in the United States, 83 per cent. in France, and 69 per cent. in Germany."

Would anybody in this country willingly advocate or favor a change in the policy which has brought about such a condition of affairs in the United States? Thoughtless politicians often appeal to the voters to destroy the system of protection and to adopt free trade in its stead. But the people of the United States have followed the advice, "Let well enough alone," in the past, and they are likely to favor no change in the direction of free trade in the fiscal policy of the United States government.

The cable dispatches are teaching the people of the United States a valuable lesson these days.

Bryan May Bolt.

That little effort reported at Lincoln to draw Mr. Bryan out on the subject of bolting will probably fail. He knows a thing or two about politics, and altogether too much to commit himself at this time. He may bolt. There are many who believe, and some who openly predict, that he will. But as yet Mr. Bryan is making his last fight within his party, and even the most guarded threat by him of an intention not to abide by the decision of the national convention if antagonistic to his views would injure him very materially.

LIKELY DEMOCRATS.

Names Being Mentioned for the First Place on the National Ticket.

It is stated that, after all, the democrats of Massachusetts at their coming state convention will not indorse Richard Olney for the presidency. Many of his admirers desire such action, and have organized quite a sentiment in favor of it, but the weight of opinion is against it. The Boston Herald regrets the decision, and gives some excellent reasons why Mr. Olney should thus be complimented by his party friends. Mr. Olney's attitude in the case is not indicated. He may not care for that sort of thing. He is not a politician, and the ways of politicians may not always be acceptable to him, says the Washington Star.

There will be, then, this year no name formally presented for the democracy's great prize. The democrats of New York hold no state convention, and hence the question as to whether Mr. Hill wants instructions for himself, or is willing that Judge Parker shall receive them, remains undecided. Neither will there be occasion for the democrats of New Jersey to express themselves as to Mr. Cleveland. Mr. Gorman could easily have secured instructions for himself in Maryland, but evidently thought it best not to introduce that issue into the state campaign. In Ohio Tom Johnson got everything he wanted, but as he was up for gubernatorial honors, he could not, of course, ask for presidential instructions also.

Nevertheless, the country is not left in the dark on this subject. The names of Mr. Cleveland, Mr. Olney, Mr. Gorman, Mr. Hill and Judge Parker will continue to figure in the presidential speculation, and democrats here and there will carefully study their strong points. They possess strong points. Judge Parker is little known, but he is well vouched for. The others are men of experience, and have made their mark in large affairs. Two of them, Mr. Hill and Mr. Gorman, are organizers and strategists of high order, and the nomination of either one would insure a contest of very great interest. The candidate would in large measure direct his own campaign, and that would mean strenuosity after Mr. Roosevelt's own pattern.

But it may be a new man. So much fighting has disturbed the democratic household in the past ten years, and particularly in the past seven, that every prominent member of it has been more or less disfigured. It may be necessary to promote some private from the ranks in order to present an attractive appearance to the public.

SHAW TO HANNA'S AID.

Secretary of the Treasury Makes Telling Argument in Favor of the Tariff.

Leslie M. Shaw, secretary of the treasury, entered the battle for the protective tariff in Ohio at Akron, citing the Chamberlain struggle in England as proof that the United States could not prosper under free trade. He used sarcasm and argument in his efforts to aid Senator Hanna and to show that the democratic position was wrong.

It was the opening of the republican campaign for the state ticket, and incidentally for the reelection of Senator Hanna, in that county, Mr. Shaw making his maiden speech in the contest, in the course of which he said:

"One of the most important problems before the American people is that of markets. In this all parties agree. But, while the parties agree upon the importance of the ultimate act, they do not agree upon the methods to be pursued in the accomplishment of the desired end.

"The plan proposed by the minority party is to throw our commercial doors wide open for the free importation of the products of foreign labor.

"The logic of the opinion is, if we give away what we have we will then have an abundance. England has had free goods for half a century, but she has never had free trade. She has run against the tariff at the entrance of every country she has attempted to invade, and now her colonies, having become vigorous, are begging to impose duties upon her products, and Mr. Chamberlain resigns his position in the cabinet and at the time of life when most men are about to retire to the quiet of their homes, goes out to make the fight of his life in behalf of protection. There is great difference between free trade goods from foreign countries and free trade in foreign countries."

☞The republican party admits that, controlling the administration, it is charged with probing the postal scandals and doing its utmost to punish the guilty. It does not plead the baby act and try to shift the duty on the minority in the Missouri ringster style.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞Mr. Bryan's wealth of $250,000 is a standing rebuke to Tom Johnson, for the Peerless Orator pays his taxes on it like a man. Likewise—and like Clarke—Billy doesn't hoard it up in 'steen to one dollars.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

☞And to think that Col. Bryan's son-in-law comes not only from Newport, but does not believe in the sacred ratio!—Des Moines Register and Leader.

☞Perhaps Mr. Bryan hopes to save enough money to enable him to speak from experience in denouncing millionaires, as Mr. Tom Johnson does.—Washington Star.

☞Says Premier Balfour: "The developments of the last century have made free trade an empty name and a vain force." What does Mr. Sullivan say to that?—Des Moines Register and Leader.

LAND GRANT RING.

Said to Include Some State Officials in the West.

An Extensive Conspiracy Unearthed—Thousands of Acres of the Public Domain Have Been Secured by the Schemers at a Nominal Price.

Portland, Ore., Oct. 22.—The Oregonian says the government has unearthed a stupendous land grant "graft" ring that has been carrying on a business on every well timbered area on the Pacific coast. The ring has not only acquired land by "dummies" and other fraudulent means; it has debauched state land officials, making them hirelings or partners; it has maintained in the general land office at Washington agents, whose duties were to "leak information about proposed reserves and other profitable matter; and by use of money has influenced the placing of reserve boundaries to its own interests." The central figures of this conspiracy are said to be in San Francisco.

Washington, Oct. 22.—Only general confirmation can be secured here of the report of extensive fraudulent practices in the securing of public lands on the Pacific coast. The interior department officials have been convinced for over a year that there were various combinations of speculators seeking control of public lands for their own purposes, and recently a number of special agents have been working in the field to secure evidence of the frauds. Assistant Attorney Pugh, of the office of the assistant attorney geenral for the interior department, was sent to the coast to assist with his legal knowledge.

A great number of land entries in all three of the coast states have been held up for investigation, but so far no test case has been brought.

The methods of the speculators are varied, but the most common proceeding is to secure patented lands within forest reservations and then exchange them for more valuable lands on the outside. Persons living on the western slope have charged that some forest reservations have been created with this end in view, the landholders within them being responsible for creating the sentiment which led to their establishment. This charge is among those now being investigated.

Many entries of land under the timber and stone act are regarded with suspicion, the officials believing that the entrymen have taken the lands for speculative purposes rather than for "their own use and benefit," as the law requires. It is generally believed that many thousands of acres of the public domain have thus fallen into the hands of speculators, and charges of conspiracy are freely made, yet so far no definite effort at prosecution has been undertaken.

A common plan of operation on the part of the speculators is to buy state lands inclosed in areas which are liable to become parts of forest reservations. These, it is said, they often secure for one or two dollars an acre, whereas when the reservations are created the value is increased to $5 or $6 per acre. Gov. Chamberlain, of Oregon, is now in Washington conferring with the secretary of the interior concerning these land transfers. He claims that the state has lost a considerable sum in this way and is endeavoring to secure a settlement which will reimburse the state.

DEATH WON.

A Football Player Dies During a Contest on the Gridiron.

Annapolis, Md., Oct. 22.—In the game yesterday between the Navy and Baltimore Medical College death won in the last five minutes of the first half. Robert E. Lewin, of Plainfield, N. H., second year classman of the Baltimore Medical College, was killed in the fierce struggle between the opposing teams.

The tragedy was unexpected and came like a thunderbolt to the 2,000 or more spectators who had gathered to witness the game. The opposing teams had swayed back and forth over the field, as two evenly balanced giants as ever met on the girdiron.

Navy by hard line bucking had pushed the ball to within ten yards of the visitors' goal when the latter by herculean efforts hurled the midshipmen back. The medics made gains of three and five yards and had just lined up for another effort, when Lewin, right guard for the Baltimoreans, fell to the ground. His limbs immediately became rigid. He was carried from the field and five minutes later was pronounced dead by the attending physician. The cause of death is given out as cardiac syncope.

Bryan Will Not Accept the Bequest.

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 22.—As a climax of yesterday's hearing on the application for the probating of the will of the late Philo S. Bennett, accompanying which was a sealed letter which William J. Bryan testified was a request that he accept $50,000, Judge Stoddard, who represents Mrs. Bennett, declared that if Mr. Bryan insisted upon receiving the fund she would contest the will. Mr. Bryan in reply said that not one cent of the money would he allow either his wife or his children to receive unless Mrs. Bennett were willing. He, however, did intend to ask the court to decide the validity of the bequest, so that in case it was declared legal he could distribute the money among educational and charitable institutions.

Explosion Caused Four Deaths.

Elkins, W. Va., Oct. 22.—Four persons were killed and several others hurt by the explosion of the boiler of a West Virginia Central railroad freight locomotive in the yards here. The dead: William H. Little, engineer. Henry L. Collett, fireman. J. T. Harper, machinist. Mrs. Kate Babbett. John Dougherty, a brakeman, and an unknown Italian were perhaps fatally injured. Mrs. Babbett was in her home 500 feet from the scene of the explosion. A piece of flying iron struck her. The bodies of the dead workmen were hurled many feet.

SHIPBUILDING CASE.

To Save the Combine, Nixon Testifies, Schwab Would Not Allow an Assessment to be Made—Schwab's Defense.

New York, Oct. 23.—Lewis Nixon occupied the witness chair again yesterday at the hearing before an examiner of the United States Shipbuilding case and gave much valuable testimony covering the finances and general affairs of the corporation. He testified that he had opposed the Sheldon reorganization plan and had as a counter proposition urged that the stock be assessed in order to raise the amount necessary to save the combination from default and bankruptcy. His plan of assessment was opposed by Charles M. Schwab, holder at that time of $20,000,000 of the stock, who, according to Mr. Nixon, declared that the stockholders would not pay the assessment.

Mr. Schwab, so Mr. Nixon swore, declined to put up any more money unless the Bethlehem bonds were given preference as a lien upon the shipbuilding plants to the first mortgage bonds.

Mr. Nixon's testimony also developed the fact that there was a wide discrepancy as to estimated earnings in letters written by Treasurer Gary to members of the reorganization committee and Samuel Untermyer, counsel for the bondholders, asked if it did not show that there had been an attempt to minimize the value of the shipyards and magnify the value of the Bethlehem plant, but the witness would not say so.

New York, Oct. 24.—The nature of the defense which C. M. Schwab will make against the charges that have been made against him in connection with the financial affairs of the wrecked United States Shipbuilding Co. was sharply outlined yesterday during the latter part of the hearing before Examiner Oliphant. Lewis Nixon was still on the stand and, under cross-examination by W. D. Guthrie, counsel for Mr. Schwab, there was an effort to show that the corporation would not have succeeded if the $2,000,000 promised under the Sheldon plan of reorganization had been made available, and that it could not have continued its existence even if it had received the much sought for $900,000 which it is alleged was wrongfully withheld by the Bethlehem Co.

The mystery surrounding the purpose and destination of the check for $250,000 which has figured in the investigation of the affairs of the United States Shipbuilding Co. was partially explained Friday by a former official of the Trust Company of the Republic. He said that the check was drawn to cover a payment on one of the shipyard properties and that after it had been made out it was found necessary to cut the sum into a couple of smaller checks. It was one of a series of numbered checks and rather than destroy it, it was put through the bank by the trust company itself. The money called for by the check was not withdrawn from the bank.

AN ARMY OF IMMIGRANTS.

Commissioner General Sargent's Report Shows that 921,315 Foreigners Landed on Our Shores During the Past Year.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The annual report of Commissioner General Frank P. Sargent, of the bureau of immigration, shows a large increase of steerage immigration over that of the preceding year, the aggregate for the fiscal year of 1903 being 857,046, an excess over that of last year of 208,303, or 32 per cent. The statistics show an increase in immigration from all foreign sources, suggesting as the chief cause of the influx of aliens into the United States during the year the inducements offered to settlers here, rather than any special causes of discontent in their own countries.

Of the total steerage immigration, there came from Europe 814,507, from Asia 29,966, and from all other sources 12,573. If these figures are added to those representing the total arrivals of alien cabin passengers, 64,269, the result will show that the total immigration of aliens to the United States during the year aggregated 921,315, or 105,043 more than the greatest number heretofore reported for any one year.

The greatest number of immigrants, 230,622, came from Italy, an increase of 52,247 over last year; while Austria-Hungary furnished 206,011, an increase of 34,022; Russia, 136,093, an increase of 28,746; Germany, 40,086, an increase of 11,782; Sweden, 46,028, an increase of 15,134; Ireland, 35,310, an increase of 6,172; and England 26,219, an increase of 12,644. Of the Oriental countries Japan was foremost with 19,968, an increase of 5,698; while China contributed 2,2[illegible], an increase of 560 over last year.

Of the total number of steerage aliens 613,146 were males and 243,900 were females. There were of these 3,341 who could read, but could not write, and 185,667 who could neither read nor write, leaving a balance able both to read and to write of 668,038. The total amount of money brought by them into the United States was $16,117,513.

Exclusive of those denied admission at the land boundaries of the United States, 8,769 alien immigrants were rejected for various causes, the number of rejections being nearly double those of the preceding year. Of these 5,812 were paupers and 1,381 were contract laborers.

The commissioner refers to the grave danger to the country found in the colonizing of alien communities in our great cities. "Such colonies," says he, "are a menace to the people and the social, moral and political security of the country."

Decision in a Famous Mining Suit.

Butte, Mont., Oct. 23.—Judge Clancy, in the district court here Thursday, decided the famous Minnie Healey mining suit in favor of Augustus Heinze, whose claims to the mine have been opposed by the Boston and Montana Mining Co., one of the Amalgamated copper corporations. The value of the mine is $10,000,000. The case previously was decided in favor of Heinze by Judge Harney, of Butte, but was sent back by the supreme court for trial. Judge Clancy's decision is not regarded as final. The case, it is said, will be fought through the highest courts in the land

HONORS WERE EVEN

An Exciting Pitched Battle Occurred at Fort Riley.

Almost Like Real War—A Battery Was Captured with a Rush by Cavalry, but Soon After Retaken by a Brilliant Negro Infantry Charge.

Fort Riley, Kan., Oct. 24.—There was a pitched battle Friday seven miles northeast of the maneuver camp and it came about as close to the real thing as is possible with blank cartridges. It was good to look upon, better to be in and full of infantry dash and the touch and go of cavalry work.

The Browns, under Gen. Barry, represented a force advancing from the north. The Blues, under Gen. Bell, having been pushed out on a reconnoisance were attacked at once by the Browns and the resultant mix-up constituted a "contact of opposing forces of all arms." Gen. Barry's force which marched out Thursday evening and endured a chilly bivouac, was forbidden by the conditions of the problem to march forward before 10:20 a. m. Gen. Bell left his camp at 7:30 a. m. and by the time Gen. Barry was privileged to start was close upon him and ready for operations.

As soon as the Browns moved out Col. Duncan, leading the Sixth infantry, the advance of Gen. Bell's force, charged home on their left flank, rolling it up and driving it back toward the center. Two troops of cavalry were quickly put out of action by Col. Duncan, who then swung in close upon the rear of the Browns and captured their entire baggage train. So far the battle was all for the Blues, but Gen. Barry's turn was coming, and his right came down on the Blue left in a fashion to make the latter gentlemen wonder why they had ever gone into the war business.

While his infantry poured in a heavy fire from the ridges, a squadron of the Tenth cavalry moved up a ravine close to the left of Gen. Bell's position and then, climbing a hill and peering over the crest Capt. Johnson beheld Gen. Bell and his entire staff riding but a short distance away. Gen. Barry, who was close up, ordered Capt. Johnson to charge and capture Gen. Bell, and if possible the Twentieth field battery, which was just in front. Johnson ordered the charge and in an instant he and his colored troopers were over the summit of the battery. The guns turned loose for a few shots that would have laid out many of Johnson's men and then it was all over. On a dead run Capt. Johnson with his troopers was in among the guns, and the battery was captured.

Without halting after dashing through the battery Capt. Johnson tore on after Gen. Bell, but here he failed and lost his life for the day. Between him and the prize he sought was a rank of men of the same color as his own, the boys of the Twenty-fifth infantry. Just as Johnson seemed to be swinging in on his prize, a line of dark faces rose in front and volley after volley was poured almost into him and his men.

The Twenty-fifth then rushed forward to a counter charge, recapturing the battery and then, coming down on the far side of the crest, they carried at the point of the bayonet the Nineteenth battery of Gen. Barry's force that had just come up. The guns were wheeled like lightning on the Twenty-fifth, but the colored men with loud cheers and firing with wonderful rapidity, charged along the hill and there was nothing that could stop them. The battery was theirs and they held it. While this charge was taking place Col. Lincoln's Fifty-first Iowa, which is in all things highly praised by the military critic, came forward on a ridge parallel to that along which the Twenty-fifth was charging and became hotly engaged with the support of the battery that had been taken by the Twenty-fifth. There is a grim earnestness in the fighting of the Iowa regiment that makes it an important factor no matter what the opponent pitted against it.

They came plunging down the hill, crossed a ravine and ascended the hill on the farther side just in time to meet an attack that Gen. Barry was sending in upon the Blue center. It was hot enough for anybody and the Iowa boys were given all they could do. A part of the Twenty-fifth came out to aid them, but Gen. Barry had the preponderance of force and made a vicious battle.

Iowa was soon overmatched, although she still hung on and the Nebraska and Missouri regiments sent up aid. Gen Barry was not to be denied, however, and his men came on steadily, pouring in a fearful file fire that would have been woefully destructive of life in an actual fight. The fight was at its hottest and the men were pressing closer when Col. Wagner, the senior umpire, sounded the recall and the battle closed.

A Battle in a Tunnel.

Wheeling, W. Va., Oct. 24.—One man is dead, one is dying and three others seriously wounded as the result of a clash between officers and a mob of angry negro laborers and foreigners at Flushing, O. The battle took place in the tunnel of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad at Flushing, shortly after 10 o'clock last night. The dead: John G. Elliott marshal of Flushing. Fatally wounded: William Smith, colored, shot through head. Seriously wounded: Ed. Smith, Frank Williams, Edward Young, all colored. Three of the gang are surrounded in a cabin by a posse of citizens.

Both Gave $1,000 Bail.

Schenectady, N. Y., Oct. 24.—Arthur Carpenter and Fred Avery, the two New York Central trainmen who were arrested at Albany on the charge of assaulting Express Messenger Thomas W. Wallace on the Montreal express near this city with the intention of robbing the express safe, were arraigned here Friday. The men pleaded not guilty and the case was adjourned till November 5. Both were admitted to bail in the sum of $1,000. Developments indicate that the attack was the result of a personal quarrel between Wallace and Avery.

Americanization of Foreigners

By REV. DR. R. S. MacARTHUR,
Pastor Calvary Baptist Church, New York.

Tidal waves of immigration are breaking upon our shores. During the fiscal year recently closed the number of immigrants pushed up well toward 1,000,000. Every steamer coming into port brings great numbers. Prosperous times in America invariably greatly increase the number of immigrants. Our country has shown a miraculous capacity for assimilating and absorbing the hetrogeneous elements seeking a home in America.

A providential chemistry has largely neutralized the toxic features and greatly stimulated the tonic qualities in enormous immigrations of past years. At times it has seemed as if it would be impossible for us to digest the dangerous immigrants who by their numbers and their ignorance threaten the very life of the American republic. These fears led patriotic Americans, as early as 1842, to aim for stringent naturalization laws, so as to reduce the political power of ignorant immigrants.

The recent marvelous expansion in American life has given a cosmopolitan character, socially, racially, politically and religiously, altogether unknown in our earlier history. We must, however, teach the old world that it cannot empty its poorhouses and prisons by dumping its paupers, anarchists and other criminals on American soil. America is worthy the best immigrants which all countries can furnish. Plans should be at once adopted to distribute this large immigration to the unsettled portions of our country. These foreigners tend constantly to the great cities, and especially to those along the Atlantic coast. Although only about one-third of the entire population is foreign by birth or parentage, in the large cities it is often two-thirds. In New York there is often heard a perfect Babel of tongues.

The public school must have its full influence in Americanizing the children of foreigners. Private schools lead to the segregation of foreigners and in this way racial prejudices, religious antipathies and foreign languages are perpetuated. Lectures under the auspices of the public schools system and under the direction of patriotic political clubs ought to be given in all the cities. Missionary teachers must seek out these foreigners, teachers going with the American constitution in one hand and the Bible in the other hand.

The Gospel of the blessed God is the only hope of humanity in every land. We used to send missionaries to foreign lands; now many of the people of these lands are coming to America. We now can do the work of foreign missions at our own doors.

The impulses of a common humanity, the duty of American patriotism and the promptings of our holy religion should lead us to Americanize and religionize the swarms of foreigners seeking a home and a nobler life and a grander future under the American flag.

Meaning of "Work" and "Labor"

By DR. EDWARD EVERETT HALE,
Author of "A Man Without a Country."

I WROTE to Powderly when he started the Knights of Labor that there were two difficulties in his title. First, that they were not "knights," and second, that they did not care anything about "labor." The truth is that the moment we get a day laborer who can contribute nothing but his muscle and weight, as an ox might do, or a mule, we do not respect his labor. On the other hand, we try to get rid of it; we introduce a drilling machine instead of the hand drill of 30 years ago, and we extend our activity by machinery, which shows the triumph of mind over matter.

When you go to a meeting of a lodge and some fellow says he is also "a laboring man," that he labors in his office 11 hours a day and all that, you know that he is a demagogue talking for effect. But if he said he was at work for mankind or for God, why, you would listen to him with some sort of sympathy.

"Work" is the using of the matter by spirit, while "labor" involves mere physical endeavor. I think we should help matters if we could make men understand that civilization consists in having workmen who use their brains instead of laborers who use their bodies.

The American Husband

By GERTRUDE ATHERTON,
Noted English Novelist and Essayist.

BEYOND a doubt, it is in the huge bulk of the middle class, both in and out of the strenuous cities, that not only the "typical" husband is to be found, but the largest measure of domestic contentment.

In these millions of respectable homes, just above the grind and pinch of poverty, many a man is common, overbearing, selfish, dull, but the mass of him lives an even and amiable life, moderately indulgent to his family, and repaying the unintermittent sacrifices of his wife with much consideration, even while accepting them as inevitable.

He loves his home and takes a deep interest in his children, being not above walking the floor with them at night, nor wheeling them in the perambulator. If he works unceasingly, it is to educate them properly, and leave his family provided for at his death.

There may be an occasional scene when bills come in, for the American man expects the impossible of the American wife, more in the matter of economics than is in the power of mortal woman outside of France.

The Boy and the Farm

By GOV. ODELL, of New York.

WE TOO often look upon the toil incident to farming as mere drudgery, and perhaps unwisely by too early putting the boys to work we have instilled into their minds a distaste for farm life, beyond question.

Our laws have been framed to prevent the too early employment of the young in our manufacturing pursuits, and I have often thought that if perhaps the same consideration were given to the boys upon the farm there would be less of attraction in the glamour of city life, less desire to yield to the temptations for the great acquisition of wealth.

Habits formed in early life are apt to be lasting, and, therefore, association with others is more likely to produce results which are desirable but which are not possible when there is a lack of communication, or a hindrance to social and business education.

THE AX FALLS.

Four Men Lose Office as a Result of Mr. Bristow's Report of Irregularities in Postoffice Department.

Washington, Oct. 22.—Postmaster General Payne on Wednesday removed from office Michael W. Louis, superintendent of supplies of the postoffice department; Louis Kempner, chief of the registry division of the third assistant postmaster general's office, and C. B. Terry, a $900 clerk in the postoffice department, and directed the postmaster at New York to remove Otto Weiss, a clerk.

These removals are the first result of Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow's report on the irregularities in the postoffice department. The postmaster general made an official announcement of his action as follows:

"Michael W. Louis has been removed from the office of superintendent of the division of supplies because the recent investigation shows that he influenced the awarding of contracts for supplies to favored bidders; that he has been extravagant and was neglectful in the administration of his office; and that he has paid excessive prices for supplies to favored contractors.

"Louis Kempner, superintendent, registry system, has been removed for incompetent and negligent administration; for wasteful and reckless extravagance in sending expensive manifold registration books to a large number of small fourth class postoffices; and for violating the revenue laws by a system of petty smuggling.

"C. B. Terry, a clerk in the division of supplies, has been removed for making false affidavits; attempting to obtain money from clerks under the guise that he could influence their promotions, and general inefficiency."

The postmaster general also stated that the postmaster at New York has been directed to remove Otto Weis, a clerk in the New York postoffice, for collecting money from clerks to influence legislation and to procure promotions.

In reply to questions, Mr. Payne said the discharges were the result of disclosures made by the Bristow report.

HE PLEADED GUILTY.

A Saloonkeeper Says He Committed Perjury While Testifying for Sam Parks.

New York, Oct. 22.—Bernard Lynch, the saloonkeeper who was one of the witnesses for the defense in the trial of Sam Parks, the labor leader, for extortion, on Wednesday pleaded guilty of perjury and was remanded until Friday for sentence.

Lynch was indicted for perjury along with Henry Farley and Timothy McCarthy after the trial of Parks for extortion, which resulted in the conviction of the labor leader. The extortion trial grew out of the charges of Joshua Plenty, a contractor, who said that he paid $200 to Parks in Lynch's saloon to call off a strike at the Hamburg-American line pier.

Parks' witnesses swore to an alibi for Parks and said that they did not see him in the saloon on the day it was alleged that he received the money.

Parks, who was also indicted on a charge of perjury, was to have appeared before Judge Foster yesterday. When up to noon he had not appeared Assistant District Attorney Randall asked the latter's counsel, James W. Osborne, if he would produce Parks in court. Mr. Osborne replied that he would make no promises in the matter. Mr. Randall then asked Inspector McClusky to assign detectives to look for Parks, who is now at liberty under $18,000 bail.

The Missouri Shows Great Speed.

Boston, Oct. 22.—The new battleship Missouri yesterday proved herself the queen of the seas in her class in a speed trial trip over the Cape Ann course with weather conditions of a considerably handicapping nature. Steaming over a course of 33 nautical miles and return, the battleship made an average speed of 18.05 knots per hour, which, with tidal corrections greatly in her favor, it is believed will advance it to 18.22 knots, a new world's record for battleships. The battleship at one time attained a speed of 18.7 knots per hour. The contract requirements call for 18 knots.

Decided Against Miller.

Washington, Oct. 22.—Comptroller of the Treasury Tracewell gave an adverse opinion yesterday in the appeal taken by W. A. Miller, assistant foreman of the government printing office bindery, from the action of the auditor for the state and other departments, in disallowing the claim put in by him for compensation for the 63 days of his suspension and dismissal from the government printing office. The comptroller holds that Miller is not an officer, but an employe subject to dismissal at the pleasure of the public printer, and that he cannot be paid for work not performed.

Archbishop Kain's Funeral.

St. Louis, Oct. 22.—With all the pomp and ceremony befitting his high rank in the Roman Catholic church, the remains of Archbishop John J. Kain were laid to rest yesterday in Calvary cemetery beside Archbishop Kenrick, whom he succeeded and whose coadjutor he formerly was. Cardinal Gibbons, with an imposing array of the princes of the church, officiated at pontifical high requiem mass which was sung by 100 seminarians, accompanied by the immense organ in the old cathedral.

An Editor's Fatal Fall.

Indianapolis, Oct. 22.—S. E. Morss, owner of the Indianapolis Evening Sentinel, fell from a third floor window of the Sentinel building yesterday and was instantly killed. Mr. Morss was born in Fort Wayne, Ind., December 15, 1852. In 1871-75 he was editor-in-chief of the Fort Wayne Gazette and later became editor and part owner of the Fort Wayne Sentinel. He was one of the founders of the Kansas City Star. In 1892 he was chairman of the Indiana delegation to the national democratic convention. From 1893 to 1897 he was United States consul at Paris.

DESPERATE STRUGGLE.

Two Alleged Postoffice Robbers are Captured on a Train by Policemen —Another Desperado Escaped.

Ispheming, Mich., Oct. 24.—After a desperate struggle with a trio of men suspected of robbing the Superior, Wis., postoffice of $15,000 in stamps and money, six Ishpeming policemen wounded and captured two of the men on a train which arrived here Friday. Marshal Fandrem was advised that three men suspected of the postoffice robbery were on the train and that the conductor would identify them. The marshal and five officers went to West Ishpeming, where the train was boarded. The marshal and two officers took the rear of the coach and Officer Patrick Collins with a squad guarded the front.

The suspects were on the alert and two of them began firing at the officers at the rear end of the train as soon as they entered. Meanwhile Collins and his assistants had entered the front of the car. All were driven back by two of the desperadoes, who threatened to shoot if they advanced another foot. Collins and his men retreated. Finding the rear door of the car blocked, the robbers ran to the front, where they again met Collins. One of them raised his revolver to shoot Collins, but the officer fired first, sending a bullet through the man's hand.

The wounded man threw up his hands, begging the officers to not kill him. Meanwhile shots were being exchanged between Fandrem and a second suspect. Finally a bullet from the marshal's revolver lodged in the suspect's back and he surrendered. The third suspect escaped to the woods. Officers are now after him. About $100 was found in the pockets of the two men. Much of this was in small change.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

Abnormal Activity No Longer Prevails in Business.

New York, Oct. 24.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

Numerous labor controversies have appeared, and more furnaces and mills have closed, the tendency being to operate only the plants provided with the most modern equipment. There is no anxiety regarding legislation at the special session of congress and, despite the curtailment of activity in many manufacturing lines, a heavy volume of business is being transacted.

Western traffic facilities are proving inadequate, the distribution of merchandise being enormous at the interior and, taking the country as a whole, conditions may be considered fairly satisfactory, although there are indisputable evidences that abnormal activity has received a check. Jobbing trade has become more quiet with the advancing season, and at many points the weather is not calculated to maintain buying of wearing apparel at retail. Gross earnings of the railways thus far reported for October surpass last year's by 6.2 per cent.

Another general reduction in quotations of pig iron has occurred, notwithstanding the restriction of output, and a movement is on foot to further reduce production unless business improves. New orders are few and limited to immediate requirements, which is also true of finished steel. Not only have additional contracts failed to be offered, but cancellations of old orders are reported.

Failures this week numbered 279 in the United States, compared with 239 last year, and in Canada 26, against 22 a year ago.

A Deadly Explosion.

Butler, Pa., Oct. 24.—William Marks was killed and Patrick Hardy fatally injured Friday by an explosion of nitro-glycerine. The men were peddlers of notions and had camped in the woods near here. They found an empty can which they supposed had contained maple syrup, from the small bit of sticky substance adhering to the top. Marks sat down with the can between his knees and commenced to cut out the top so as to transform it in a water vessel. The small portion of the nitro-glycerine exploded and Marks' head, hands and feet were blown off and his body disemboweled. Hardy had his eyes blown out and the bones in his arms and legs shattered in a dozen places.

Canucks Lose Again.

Montreal, Que., Oct. 24.—Some time ago the Canadian nail manufacturers entered into an agreement with the United States Steel Corporation to purchase all the wire rods they required from that company. As a return for this contract the steel company agreed to keep out of the Canadian nail market. The depression in the German iron market enabled the Canadian manufacturers to buy under the steel company's price and they availed themselves of it. The day of reckoning came, however, and the offending manufacturers have now agreed to pay the steel company the amount they saved through their purchase in the German market, about $2 per ton.

A Coiner Is Sentenced.

Trenton, N. J., Oct. 24.—In the United States district court yesterday George Neyulus was sentenced by Judge Kirkpatrick to ten years in state's prison for counterfeiting. Molds for the making of silver dollars were found under the porch of Neyulus' home in Elizabeth. He denied all knowledge of the molds and claimed that they had been placed there by secret service men to entrap him. Neyulus formerly served a five-year sentence in Auburn, N. Y., state prison.

They Will Get Kratz.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The state department has arranged for the return from Mexico to St. Louis for trial of the alleged boodler, Charles Kratz. The constitution of Mexico making it impossible to surrender fugitives from this country charged with bribery committed prior to the negotiation of the new extradition treaty, the state department has called upon the Mexican government to surrender Kratz as an act of comity, a very unusual proceeding on the part of the United States government. Mexico has a law allowing fugitives to be surrendered under such a call.

GRAY HAIR AND X-RAY.

Another Sensational Claim Made for the Miracle Light—Improbability of Its Success.

The X-ray seems destined in many ways to pay the penalty of all sorts of sensational reports as to its supposed efficacy in treating intractable diseases. As might have been expected, its claims have been very much exaggerated, even in cases that offered plausible excuses for their possible vindication.

The latest news is to the effect that this mysterious agency is capable of restoring gray hair to its original color. How such an effect can be brought about no one attempts to explain. Nor would it be wise to offer any reason for it, says the New York Herald, in the face of certain well-known facts connected with the physiology of hair and its anatomical character.

All very well know that the color of the hair is a part of its nutrition and is dependent upon the secretion of a pigment in certain cells in its substance. When the hair loses its pigment vitality grayness ensues as a natural evolutionary process. The youthful tinge disappears by a common law of progressive decay as age advances. The hair itself becomes virtually color dead, and all efforts to restore its former life are admittedly as futile as similar efforts to revivify other defunct processes.

But now the X-ray must come in as an alleged miracle worker and give new hopes for the gray heads. Alas! many of the latter are desperate enough in their vanity to try any new thing that may present itself. To such it may be necessary to sound a note of warning.

Even if it should prove to be a fact that the X-ray can do what is claimed, the remedy is certainly a dangerous one to become popular. If "several hundred exposures" are required, not only will a great deal of valuable time be lost in the sittings and many fees exacted, but the positive damages ensuing after such prolonged treatment are not to be lightly considered. How to avoid the terrible X-ray burns, which sometimes occur even with experts is still a great problem. Edison, in a recent interview in the Herald, emphasized this fact in a manner not to be misunderstood. Thus there may be a chance, with such as may be determined to try the new thing, for the traditional "old fool" to multiply himself over the land.

RESCUED BY KITE.

Steeple Climber Brought From Perilous Position by the Aid of a Boy's Toy.

F. Devillo Sanders, of Belmont, Allegheny county, Pa., climbed the steeple of the Episcopal church in Genesse, N. Y., the other day to examine the damage done by lightning. When he was near the top of the steeple his rope caught so that he could not move up or down, and it was necessary to get another rope to him.

The nearest place to Sanders that could be reached was 60 feet below where he was dangling.

Ezekiel Willis, a boy, got out his kite and flew it so that Sanders could grasp the string. Then pieces of cord of gradually increasing size were attached to the kite string until Sanders got a rope and came down.

Unique Exhibit.

The original treaty for the purchase of the Louisiana territory will be exhibited at the Louisiana purchase exposition in 1904. The document is written on six pages of Irish linen paper, bound together with a piece of green silk ribbon. After the signatures of Livingston, Monroe and Marbois are wax seals impressed with the armorial signet rings of the signers.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

365 Days of Sunshine and Storm make a Year

ON RAINY DAYS WEAR TOWER'S FISH BRAND Waterproof OILED CLOTHING

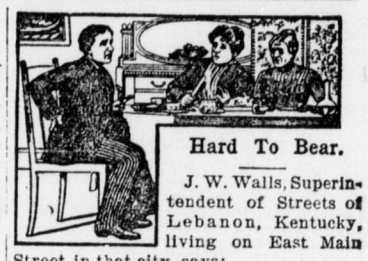
BLACK or YELLOW.

IT MAKES EVERY DAY COUNT

no matter how wet the weather.

Every garment guaranteed. Ask your dealer. If he will not supply you, send for price list of Slickers, Suits, Hats, Horse Covers, and Wagon Boots.

A. J. Tower Co. Boston, Mass. U.S.A.
Tower Canadian Co. Limited Toronto, Can.



Hard To Bear.

J. W. Walls, Superintendent of Streets of Lebanon, Kentucky, living on East Main Street in that city, says:

"With my nightly rest broken, owing to irregularities of the kidneys, suffering intensely from severe pains in the small of my back and through the kidneys, and annoyed by painful passages of abnormal secretions, life was anything but pleasant for me. No amount of doctoring relieved this condition, and for the reason that nothing seemed to give me even temporary relief, I became about discouraged. One day I noticed in the newspapers the case of a man who was afflicted as I was and was cured by the use of Doan's Kidney Pills. His words of praise for this remedy were so sincere that on the strength of his statement I went to the Hugh Murrey Drug Co.'s store and got a box. I found that the medicine was exactly as powerful a kidney remedy as represented. I experienced quick and lasting relief. Doan's Kidney pills will prove a blessing to all sufferers from kidney disorders who will give them a fair trial."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mr. Walls will be mailed to any part of the United States on application. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists; price 50 cents per box.

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 25 cents and 50 cents.

Big Four Route

TO THE

WORLD FAMED

Virginia Hot Springs.

2,500 feet elevation on Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. Pre-eminent among all-year-round Resorts.

THE NEW

Homestead Hotel,

Under the management of Mr. Fred Sterry.

This fine brick structure is now fully completed. Has 400 rooms and 200 private baths, each room supplied with long distance 'phone and modern appointments. Brokers' office with direct New York wire.

MAGNIFICENT BATH-HOUSE and most curative waters known for rheumatism, gout, obesity and nervous troubles.

FINE GOLF LINKS and NEW CLUB HOUSE with Squash Court, lounging rooms, cafe, pingpong tables, etc. Tennis courts and all outdoor amusements. Orchestra.

OCTOBER and NOVEMBER

The Grandest Months in the Year.

Magnificent Train Service, Dining Cars, Pullman Sleepers, Observation Cars.

Reduced Rate Tickets now on sale.

For full information call on agents of the

BIG FOUR ROUTE.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 & $3 SHOES UNION MADE.

You can save from $3 to $5 yearly by wearing W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes.

They equal those that have been costing you from $4.00 to $5.00. The immense sale of W. L. Douglas shoes proves their superiority over all other makes.

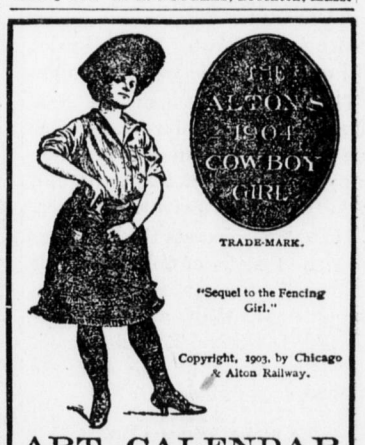
Sold by retail shoe dealers everywhere. Look for name and price on bottom.

That Douglas uses Corona Colt proves there is value in Douglas shoes. Corona is the highest grade Pat. Leather made.

Fast Color Eyelets used.

Our $4 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

Shoes by mail, 25 cents extra. Illustrated Catalog free. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.



TRADE-MARK.

"Sequel to the Fencing Girl."

Copyright, 1903, by Chicago & Alton Railway.

ART CALENDAR

Four graceful poses from life; figures ten inches high, reproduced in colors. Highest example of lithographic art.

"THE ONLY WAY"

to own one of these beautiful calendars is to send twenty-five cents with name of publication in which you read this advertisement, to GEO. J. CHARLTON, Gen'l Passenger Agent, Chicago & Alton Railway, CHICAGO, ILL.

The best railway line between CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, KANSAS CITY and PEORIA. Take the "Alton" to the St. Louis World's Fair, 1904.

PATENTS PROMPTLY PROCURED. Advice and book free. No charge for selling patents obtained through us. EDGAR TATE & CO., Solicitors, 245 Broadway, New York.

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

Cameron County Press.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid is advance.....$1 50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less $5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising

No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO Law Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

☞No advertisements will be accepted at less than the price for fifteen words.

☞Religious notices free.

REPUBLICAN STATE NOMINATIONS.

For Auditor General,
WILLIAM P. SNYDER,
Chester County.
For State Treasurer,
WILLIAM L. MATHEUS,
Delaware County.
For Judge of the Superior Court,
JOHN J. HENDERSON,
Crawford County.
THOMAS A. MORRISON,
McKean County.

COUNTY.

Associate Judge.
HON. JOHN McDONALD,
Driftwood.
Prothonotary, Register, Recorder and Clerk of Courts.
C. JAY GOODNOUGH,
Emporium.
District Attorney,
J. P. McNARNEY,
Emporium.
Coroner,
DR. E. O. BARDWELL,
Emporium.
Jury Commissioner,
JAS. R. BATCHELDER,
Grove.

EDITORIAL MENTION.

War rumors have good news but bad prophecy.

To Dowie the only good in the oyster is the pearl.

In Alaska the flag will stay put all along the line.

The girls now explain that they caught their freckles from the sun spots.

Neither Gorman nor Hearst ever talk about their candidate for president.

Canada is annoyed at the loss of territory and also to think that England decided against her.

Dowie's abuse seems tame to New Yorkers who attend the political meetings during the municipal campaign.

Many of Senator Hanna's friends believe that it would be more dignified for him to ignore Bryan, as Cleveland does.

The triumvirate of notoriety friends, Parkhurst, Dowie, and Carrie Nation are quarreling in New York City,

In spite of his lengthy speeches Senator Morgan thinks he has a right to complain of the delay in the canal negotiations.

Canada had about the same influence in the Alaska Boundary decision as China has in the disposition of Manchuria.

It is not a lack of applicants embarrasses Speaker-to-be Cannon in selecting the chairman for the different House Committees.

President Roosevelt is going home to Oyster Bay to vote. The territorial delegate from Hawaii will not follow this good example.

The trusts feel at home in New Jersey, assassins believe themselves safe in South Carolina and lynchers enjoy the climate of Delaware, and of the United States for that matter.

Like the democrats the delegates from the District of Columbia will have more fun at the National Conventions, than at the presidential elections. The citizens of the District can't vote and the democrats can't elect.

A Perfect Painless Pill.

Is the one that will cleanse the system, set the liver to action, remove the bile, clear the constipation, cure headache and leave a good taste in the mouth. The famous little pills for doing such work pleasantly and effectually are DeWitt's Little Early Risers, Bob Moore of Lafayette, Ind., says: "All other pills I have used gripe and sicken, while DeWitt's Little Early Risers are simply perfect." Sold by R. C. Dodson,

Prosperity Will Continue.

Comptroller Ridgely, as he informed the bankers in convention in San Francisco, sees nothing in the financial situation to effect the continued prosperity of the nation. He thinks that the course of business very largely depends upon the bankers. If they pursue a wise and conservative course there will be no trouble. Some few banks and trust companys, which have been engaged heavily in speculative enterprises, have gone under, and there may be other such institutions which will suffer in the same way. But that is not in any sense a reflection of the business situation, says Philadelphia Press.

A Baltimore trust company, for instance, loaned more than its entire capital and deposits to a railroad company building a line in Mexico. The action of Congress in declining to construct a canal across the isthmus had an adverse influence on the projected railroad, and this led ultimately to the failure of the trust company. But that had no relation to the business situation in the United States. It was pure speculation, and a bank or trust company taking such extraordinary risks in a foreign country might be expected to go into bankruptcy sooner or later.

The shipbuilding trust was another illustration of reckless and foolish speculation. The failure of that concern, no matter how great the prosperity of the nation, could not well have been avoided. It was organized apparently to afford opportunity for some persons to make unwarranted profits and then to get out of the business. But it did not hold together hardly long enough for that purpose. The failures the public hears about are nearly all of that kind. Legitimate enterprises and overcapitalized and honestly conducted are prosperous now, as they have been heretofore. But the corporations with inflated capital suffer more or less, as might have been expected.

The postal receipts of the country show an increase, which is a good test. The railroads are doing a large business, and while the effect of squeezing the water out of the speculative enterprises is somewhat depressing it is not effecting general business to any great extent and will soon be lost in view. Republican success at the polls in November will be a great influence in assuring the people that there is to be no radical legislation and nothing to retard the prosperity which the country has been enjoying for years.

MRS. BURDICK WINS.

Surrogate Gives Her the Trusteeship of Her Children's Estate.

Buffalo, Oct. 28.—Surrogate Marcus has handed down a decision in which he awards to Mrs. Alice Hull Burdick the care of the property left to her children as well as custody of their persons. The decree awarding her personal custody of the children was made some months ago. At that time the contest made by Mrs. Burdick against the fourth section of her murdered husband's will was tried out and decision was reserved. Edwin L. Burdick's will, in an attempt to deprive his wife of the care of their three children and their estates, was drawn as follows:

"Fourth—I nominate and appoint Charles S. Parks and Riselay Tucker to be the guardians of the persons of my three children, and August B. Kellogg, George H. Dunston and George C. Miller to be joint guardians of the estates of each of my three children, and I direct that all funds and securities belonging to each of my children, shall be received, held and paid out by them jointly as such guardians."

The argument of the executors of the will was that Burdick intended to create a trusteeship to hold his children's property. Surrogate Marcus holds that if that was the intent the language is not clear enough. The surrogate's decision means as soon as the executors have closed their management of the estate they must turn it over to Mrs. Burdick. She will be guardian of the persons and properties of her three children.

The estate left to the children is valued at about $60,000. It is probable suit will be started in their names soon to have deeded back to the estate several pieces of real property Mr. Burdick deeded shortly before his death to friends, with instructions to hold the property for his children.

The One Package Dye.

In red printed wrappers, colors cotton, wool or silk in same bath. Sample 10c, any color. New Peerless, Elmira, N. Y. 36-4t.

BRIEF NEWS ITEMS.

Pointed Paragraphs Chronicling the Week's Doings.

Long Dispatches From Various Parts of the World Shorn of Their Padding and Only Facts Given in as Few Words as Possible For the Benefit of the Hurried Reader.

The postoffice at Canastota was entered by burglars early Wednesday morning. The safe was blown open and $200 taken.

Dr. August Greth, who successfully sailed an airship in San Francisco, said it was his ambition to build one as long as an ocean liner.

The Alaska award, which was signed Tuesday in London, gives to the United States nearly all it claimed and leaves only two small islands for Canada.

Arthur C. Wade of Jamestown, Republican candidate for assembly in the First Chautauqua district, is seriously ill in St. Louis as result of a surgical operation.

Friday.

Samuel E. Morse, editor of the Indianapolis Sentinel, was killed by falling from a window of his office.

With Charles M. Schwab and Max Pam in attendance at the inquiry, Lewis Nixon told in detail of his deeds as head of the collapsed shipyard trust.

Following the suspension Wednesday of the Federal National bank at Pittsburg the First National bank at Allegheny failed to open its doors Thursday.

Two division superintendents and two clerks in the postoffice department were dismissed as a result of the report on the investigation of the postal scandals.

Edward Mullen, one of the two students who were burned Wednesday morning by the explosion of an alcohol lamp at Niagara university, died at the Sisters' hospital, Buffalo.

Saturday.

The second class cruiser Denver failed in her speed test, making only 16.28 knots an hour.

Dan Patch paced a mile against time at Memphis in 1:56½, the fastest mile ever made by a harness horse.

Lloyd underwriters at London have doubled insurance rates to the Far East, covering all risks if war is declared within three months.

Attorney General Knox decided that prosecution of Representative Lucius N: Littauer of New York, for connection with government glove contracts is barred by the statute of limitations.

Two New York Central trainmen have been arrested on the charge of attepting to rob an express messenger on a train between Schenectady and Albany. The accused men are in custody in Schenectady.

Monday.

Dr. Frank W. Robertson resigned the office of superintendent of the state reformatory in Elmira, N. Y.

Official announcement is made of the appointment of Sir Henry Mortimer Durand as British ambassador to the United States.

Four of the five indictments against George W. Beavers, alleging complicity in postal frauds, were vacated by Judge Holt in the federal court.

District Attorney Jerome refused to accept former Police Captain Moynihan as bondsman for Samuel J. Parks, walking delegate, indicted for extortion and perjury.

Robert E. Peary likened the expeditions to reach the north pole to the international yacht races and appealed to the sporting instincts of the nation to raise funds for another trip northward.

Tuesday.

Ten workmen were killed and four others seriously injured in the cave-in of part of the New York subway on Saturday night near Fort George.

Experiments at the Missouri agricultural college show that mushroom growing may soon become a profitable industry for American farmers everywhere.

Great Danes used to trace the murderer of Mrs. Victor E. Bevans at Sandyston, N. J., led to a neighbor's house, but he is not suspected. Mr. Bevans probably will recover.

One man is killed and a house demolished by a runaway electric car near Joliet, Ill., the motorman having fallen from the platform in a faint at the top of a steep incline.

The Matin of Paris having concealed a sum of money in the city, indicating the place of hiding in a serial story, a man who found it was nearly lynched by a mob who declared he had been told by the paper where it was.

Wednesday.

Two men were killed and two fatally injured by the explosion of a freight locomotive at Lancaster, Pa.

The Standard Oil company has advanced the wholesale price of all grades of refined oil 1 cent a gallon.

Thieves entered the house of Guy Miller, the son of Warner Miller, at Herkimer, Monday night, and took $1,500 worth of silverware.

Sagatel Sagouni, president of the Armenian Revolutionary society in London, was shot and killed in the suburbs of that city by an unknown assassin.

riously injured by being thrown from the bucket while descending into the wheelpit of the Canadian Niagara Power Constructing company at Niagara Falls.

CURES CATARRH.

"Hyomei the Most Wonderful Cure for Catarrh Ever Discovered," says L. Taggart.

Do not try to cure catarrh by taking drugs into the stomach; it cannot be cured in that manner. The only way in which this two common disease can be cured is through a direct application that will kill the bacilli of catarrh and prevent their growth.

Hyomei is the only known method of treatment that accomplishes this. It is the simplest, most pleasant, and the only absolute cure for catarrh that has ever been discovered.

Thousands of unsolicited testimonials have been received from the most prominent men and women in the country who have been cured by this remarkable remedy. Ministers, bankers, lawyers, even eminent physicians have given strong testimonials as to the remarkable powers of Hyomei to cure catarrh.

The complete Hyomei outfit costs but $1.00, consisting of an inhaler, dropper and sufficient Hyomei to last several weeks. This will effect a cure in ordinary cases, but for chronic and deep-seated cases of catarrh, longer use may be necessary, and then extra bottles of Hyomei can be obtained for 50c. It is not alone the best (it might be called the only) method of curing catarrh, but it is also the most economical.

L. Taggart had so much confidence in the power of Hyomei to cure catarrh, that he will for a limited time, sell this medicine under his personal guarantee to refund the money if the purchasers can say that it did not help them.

The Eureka Mfg. Co., of East St Louis, Ill., want a man with rig to introduce Poultry Mixture in this county. They guarantee $3 50 a day to a good worker and they furnish bank reference of their reliability. Send stamp for particulars. Eureka Mfg. Co., Box 99, East St. Louis, Ill. 46-1-ly.

NEW CAMERON HOUSE,
Cameron, Pa.,
Opposite P. & E. Depot,
HARRY McGEE, Proprietor.

Having taken possession of this house and thoroughly remodeled and enlarged the building by erecting an addition of eighteen rooms, I am well prepared to meet the demands of the public. Guests conveyed to any part of the county. Good fishing and hunting in the immediate vicinity.

Notice of Application for Charter.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS FOR THE COUNTY OF CAMBRON.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the said court on the 21st day of December, A. D., 1903, under the "Corporation act of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four," and the supplements thereto, by CHAS. SEGER, E. D. WHITE HENRY AUCHU, J. C. JOHNSON and F. C. RIECK, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called BUSINESS MEN'S CLUB OF EMPORIUM, the character and object of which is for the maintenance of a club for social enjoyments, and for these purposes to have possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred by the said act and its supplements.

36-3t. C. W. SHAFFER, Solicitor.

Adam,
Meldrum &
Anderson Co.
BUFFALO, N. Y.
396-408 Main Street,

Auction SILKS.

Splendid Silks Go Under the Hammer.

Ashley & Bailey, among the largest silk manufacturers in America, sold at Auction in New York, Oct. 7th, 10,000 pieces of their famous silks. We purchased the best in the lot at less than cost to manufacture. They are all worth from $1.20 to $1.50 a yard.

They are yours for

60C YARD.

The lot includes

Plaid Taffetas,
Black Taffetas,
Pin Dot Taffetas,
Swivel Taffetas,
Black Peau de Soie.

Many handsome evening shades in popular weaves at equally low prices.

Send for Samples.

YOU CAN SHOP BY MAIL.

It's just as easy to get what you want by Mail as to come in person. It's a good habit, wise and economical.

Adam,
Meldrum & Anderson Co.
The American Block,
BUFFALO, N. Y.

Warranted Clothing.

To fully appreciate the value of

JASPER HARRIS'
UNION MADE CLOTHING,

you must wear them. This done the clothes buying question will be settled for you. Clothes for service are the only kind we sell. We promise you absolute satisfaction or your money back.

MEN'S SACK SUITS

Double or single breasted suits, Scotch Cheviots or fine Worsteds,

$10, $12, $16.

MEN'S OVERCOATS

For winter. We have the kind you are looking for in style and wear.

CHILDREN'S SUITS and OVERCOATS.

The most stylish and dressy garments for little folks.

Prices range from

$1.50 to $5,50.

MEN'S and BOYS' SHOES
Union Made.

Men's fine union made Hats. Also a big line of Men's Dress Shirts.

Jasper Harris,

The People's Clothier.

Balcom & Lloyd.

Prepared For the Season

We have opened and are displaying a choice line of . .

FANCY
DRY GOODS

specially selected for the . .

Winter Season.

We have gathered such articles as combine elegance with and utility at

Very Reasonable
~ Prices ~

Balcom & Lloyd.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., Sept. 23, 1903.

NEMOPHILA, per sack	$1 25
Felt's Fancy, "	1 40
Pet Grove, "	1 40
Graham, "	65
Rye "	65
Buckwheat, "	75
Patent Meal, "	50
Coarse Meal, per 100,	1 35
Chop Feed, "	1 35
Middlings, Fancy "	1 50
Bran,	1 20
Corn, per bushel,	75
White Oats, per bushel,	50
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

R. C. DODSON,

—THE—

Druggist,

EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.

At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

R. C. DODSON.

Telephone, 19-2.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card or letter, personally.

Mrs. Bardwell returned from Buffalo on Saturday.

Mrs. Philip Wolverton, of east ward, is quite seriously ill.

Mrs. McCaslin has been visiting her sister at Pittsburg the past week.

W. L. Sykes and family visited in Emporium over Sunday, guests at the Walker home.

W. A. Sprung, was called to Spenceport, N. Y., last week, to attend the funeral of an uncle.

John Dodge returned to Renovo on Saturday after a week's visit with his mother at this place.

Mrs. Thos H. Norris' many friends will be pained to learn that excellent lady has been quite ill the past week.

Mrs. S. S. Smith, who has been confined to her bed for some weeks, is able to be about her home, greatly improved.

William McGee quietly dropped into town last Saturday and remained here until Monday, visiting with old friends.

Miss Lizzie Fetter, of Renovo, and Miss Fannie Lape, of Lebanon, Pa., were visiting Mr. and Mr. J. R. Fetter and friends in town Saturday.

Mrs. Stephen Van Wert visited the PRESS sanctum yesterday and after renewing her paper for another year took a look through our print shop.

Dr. J. M. Card, formerly a resident of Emporium, but now engaged in the dental profession at Olean, came over last Friday to attend to some legal business.

Pap Blodget came up from Sinnamahoning last Saturday and while in town had a tooth pulled, the root of which extended through the top of his head. He says "it hurt like samhill."

Mrs. F. B. Hoag, and sister Miss Agnes Wade, of Sterling Run, accompanied by Miss Lizzie Foley of Scranton, were visiting in Emporium on Tuesday.

Chas. W. Williams, of Mason Hill, dropped in to see the PRESS last Monday and left some samples of the apples grown on his farm. Cameron apples will compare with any in the land.

John M. Hicks, one of Gibson township's best farmers and reliable citizens was in town last Monday attending to business. While here he called at the PRESS office and assured us that he would be on hand, if alive, at next year's fair with a pumpkin as big as Roosevelt's majority will be next November.

Our esteemed friend, Chas. L. Butler, dropped his work Tuesday afternoon and made a bee line for the PRESS office, where he enjoyed one of our mild cigars and promptly engaged in a heated discussion on the topics of the day, after which he planked down a check for the PRESS to 1904, and departed for home, happy and contented. Chas. L. Butler, a deep thinker, and a close student of the best literature of the day, is a good citizen and works hard to give his patrons only the best wagons and carriages. Anything from his works are equal to the best in the land. Try one of his never-wear-out wagons.

Jos. Friendel, after several days illness is able to be out again.

Chief Mundy is on duty again, after a severe case sf rheumatism.

Mrs. W. A. Dalrymple is visiting friends at Shingle House this week.

Dr. W. H. DeLong left to-day noon for Emporia, Fla., to spend the winter months.

J. P. Felt and family will leave this week for Florida to remain until spring.

Judge Walker returned to-day from Scranton, where he visited his son, J. M. and family.

Mrs. Gordon Baker, who has been very ill for several weeks, is able to be about her home.

Mrs. John Cummings was called to Johnsonburg last Saturday to attend the funeral of a niece.

Jasper Harris, the wide-awake Fourth street clothier, has just returned from New York city.

Mrs. Mary McCormick returned home last week from Austin, where she has been for some time.

Mrs. Isaac Wykoff, of Cameron, and Mrs. Carrie Littlefield, of town, were PRESS visitors this afternoon.

Miss Caroline Bentley, of Lock Haven, has been guest of Mrs. Elizabeth Easterbrooks the past week.

Mrs. Fred Julian returned last Thursday evening from an extended visit to eastern points. She expects to meet her husband at St. Louis next month some time, he expecting to land at San Francisco about the middle of November.

Rev. J. M. Robertson and Mr. Josiah Howard have been attending the convention of Bishops of the Episcopal Church at Washington, D. C., the past week. The President tendered a reception to the Bishops and delegates yesterday.

BRIEF MENTION.

The best place to buy clothing is at N. Seger's.

Don't put money or valuables in un registered letters.

Don't say "City or Town," instead of writing the full address.

A steam heat plant will soon be installed in the First Methodist Episcopal Church.

If you want your money's worth in clothing go to N. Seger's. He can fit you out in an up-to-date manner.

The Emporium Iron Co., now have forty coke ovens in blast and expect to fire the full plant, one hundred, within a short time.

Two pair of good work horses for sale. One pair weighs 2500 and the other 3000. Inquire at St. Charles Hotel, Emporium, Pa. 36-1t.

If you need a suit of clothes or an overcoat why not call and see N. Seger he can fit you as well as a tailor can and the clothes will give just as good satisfaction.

Walter Fish, one of the City Bakery force, seems to prize hemlock saw-dust as highly as the best smoking tobacco, although it does not smoke quite as well. How about it "Wall."

WANTED.—Active parties to sell tea, coffee, spices and baking powder to families. Liberal commission allowed. Apply at once to Grand Union Tea Co., 33 W. Long Ave., DuBois, Pa.

Stylish suits, overcoats and anything you may need in the clothing line at N. Seger's. Call and see his large and elegant stock. His prices are always reasonable. Now is the time to buy.

Here's some good advice from one of our exchanges that applies to every town: Don't waste money or time on strange peddlers when the same or equally good goods can be had from our town merchants, who help to pay the taxes and do their share toward making your town what it really is.

"The Foxy Tramp" company played to a crowded house last night and we judge from the applause that they pleased a greater portion of the audience. It was, at least, an improvement over the previous attraction. Emporium will patronize first class attractions and should, once or twice a season, be thus favored.

Nowadays new ideas in prize competitions are few and far between, but the Woman's Home Companion has hit upon something entirely novel, both in serial stories and prize contests. The editor asked four well-known authors to write a four-part serial treating of a beautiful Chicago heiress and her three admirers—an English lord, a New Yorker and a Chicago man. The various parts were well on to conclusion when it was found that the authors could not agree upon the man the heiress should marry. In this strait the editor decided to call on his readers for assistance, and to spur their interest a substantial prize is offered for the best solution.

Stewart Edward White author of "The Blazed Trail." and "Conjuror's House," is now in New York working with Robert Edeson, the actor, on the dramatization of the latter novel. Mr. Edeson will open the Hudson theatre, which is now building, with "Conjuror's House," next January if the theatre, as expected, is ready by that time. The star's part will be Ned Trent, the free-trader, who defies the power of the Hudson Bay Company, is captured by one of its tyrannical factors, and, while a prisoner, woos and wins the factor's daughter. The costumes will be prepared under the direction of Mr. White, who has spent much time in the remote parts of the Hudson Bay country.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

CHADWICK.

The remains of Margaret Chadwick who died at the home of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Chadwick, of Little Valley, N. Y., Friday, Oct. 23, were brought here on Saturday evening last and taken to the home of her brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Haviland on South Maple St. From there they were conveyed on Sunday afternoon, to the Rich Valley Church were impressive funeral services were conducted by the Rev. O. S. Metzler, pastor of the First Methodist Church of town, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Irvine. The attendance was very large. Miss Chadwick was a most estimable lady and was highly esteemed by her many friends here. For many years she lived in Emporium and all who knew her, bear testimony to her amiable disposition, kindness and gentleness of heart and life. Her parents formerly resided in Rich Valley, but moved to New York state nine years ago. She was 30 years of age. Her last sickness was consumption and while some hope was entertained of her recovery it had to be abandoned as in the final stages of the disease, her decline was rapid.

First Fork.

Editor Press:—

Our mills are both puttin on good time now.

Mrs. C. W. Maltby, of Roulette, is visiting at Goss Bros. for a week or two.

Mrs. Sade Kacek, of Wharton, stopped off here a day or two on her way to Sinnamahoning to make a visit.

Some new bridges are being put in on the highway in this end of the township, the old ones having become dangerous.

Before leaving for Alamogordo for the winter, A. J. Bailey of Cross Fork, was visiting friends here Friday and Saturday last. He expects to put up some more houses for rent and will occupy one himself.

V. A. Brooks and a gentleman whose name we did not learn, from Snyder county, have been looking over the lands known as the "Dodge lands," with a view of disposing of them to the state for a game and forest preserve.

Miss Della Phillips, of Clear Lake, Wis., was at Austin visiting her brother, J. W. Phillips, who was quite sick, but has practically recovered so as to be about again. She dropped in here for a few days, guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Williams. She leaves for Wis., next Monday, where she has a variety store and millinery business.

Fred Williams and Brooks Lorshbaugh are supposed to be in Arkansas now, the Government having "held up" the redwood lands in Western California, where they were prospecting for timber. The timber claim business, has had so many frauds connected with it, that "Uncle Sam" has had his eyes opened and is stopping it most effectually, by not allowing any more filing to be made.

Oct. 27, 1903. NUFF SED.

Fats Ahead.

The Fats didn't do a thing to the Leans last Saturday, wiping up the earth with the bluffers—thanks to the fair treatment of umpire Fitzpatrick—to the tune of 20 to 4. The Fats claim the return game will be a whitewash in their favor.

Broke Into His House.

S. LeQuinn of Cavendish, Vt., was robbed of his customary health by invasion of Chronic Constipation. When Dr. King's New Life Pills broke into his house, his trouble was arrested and now he's entirely cured. They're guaranteed to cure, 25c at L. Taggart's Drug Store.

Gained Forty Pounds In Thirty Days.

For several months our younger brother had been troubled with indigestion. He tried several remedies but got no benefit from them, We purchased some of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and he commenced taking them. Inside of thirty days he had gained forty pounds in flesh. He is now fully recovered. We have a good trade on the Tablets—Holley Bros. Merchants, Long Branch, Mo. For sale by L. Taggart.

Warning.

All persons are herby forbidden from trespassing upon the property of this Company without a permt from this office or the Superintendant at the works.

KEYSTONE POWDER MFG. CO.
Emporium, Pa., August 1st, 1903.
24-tf.

WESTBROOK Academy

WE NEED 25 YOUNG MEN NOW to qualify for good office positions this year. Graduates of past 21 years for reference. Send for booklet and rates. Students begin any time.

WESTBROOK ACADEMY, Olean, N. Y.

Cause of Lockjaw.

Lockjaw, or tenanus, is caused by a bacillus or germ which exists plentifully in street dirt. It is inactive so long as exposed to the air, but when carried beneath the skin as in the wounds caused by percussion caps or by rusty nails, and when the air is excluded the germ is roused to activity and produces the most virulent poison known. These germs may be destroyed and all danger of lockjaw avoided by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm freely as soon as the injury is received. Pain Balm is an antiseptic and causes cuts, brusies and like injuries to heal without maturation and in one third the time required by the usual treatment. It is for sale by L. Taggart.

Don't buy envelopes or wrappers having muscilage that won't stick.

A Love Letter.

Would not interest you if you're looking for a guaranteed Salve for Sores, Burns or Piles, Otto Dodd, of Ponder, Mo., writes, "I suffered with an ugly sore for a year, but a box of Bucklen's Salve cured me. It's the best Salve on earth. 25c at L. Taggart's Drug Store.

Don't use poor paper, envelopes or wrappers.

Confessions of a Priest.

Rev. Jno. S. Cox, of Wake, Ark., writes, "For 12 years I suffered from Yellow Jaundice; I consulted a number of physicians and tried all sorts of medicines, but got no relief. Then I began the use of Electric Bitters and feel that I am now cured of a disease that had me in its grasp for twelve years." If you want a reliable medicine for Liver and Kidney trouble, stomach disorder or general debility, get Electric Bitters. It's guaranteed by L. Taggart. Only 50c.

Don't use poor ink; have it blue black if you can.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

No one who is acquainted with its good qualities can be surprised at the great popularity of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It not only cures colds and grip effectually and permanently, but prevents these diseases from resulting in pheumonia. It is also a certain cure for croupe. Whooping cough is not dangerous when this remedy is given. It contains no opium or other harmful substance and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. It is also pleasant to take. When all of these facts are taken into consideration it is not surprising that people in foreign lands, as well as at home, esteem this remedy very highly and very few are willing to take any other after having once used it. For sale by L. Taggart.

Don't fail to weigh your matter before buying stamps.

Dieting Invites Disease.

To cure Dyspepsia or indigestion it is no longer necessary to live on milk and toast. Starvation produces such weakness that the whole system becomes an easy prey of disease. Kodol dyspepsia Cure enables the Stomach and digestive organs to digest and assiliate all of the wholesome food that one cares to eat, and is a never failing cure for indigestion, Dyspepsia and all stomach troubles. Kodol digests what you eat—makes the stomach sweet. Sold by R. C. Dodson.

Don't post your letters on top of a box or in a package box.

Saves Two From Death.

"Our little daughter had an almost fatal attack of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K, Haviland, of Armonk, N. Y., "but when all other remedies failed, we saved her life with Dr. King's New Discovery. Our neice who had Consumption in an advanced stage, also used this wonderful medicine and to-day she is perfectly well." Desperate throat and lung diseases yield to Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infallible for Coughs and Colds. 50c and $1.00 bottles guaranteed by L. Taggart. Trial bottles free.

Post your holiday mail early, and it will be delivered early.

Many Mothers of a Like Opinion

Mrs. Pilmer of Cordova, Iowa, says: "One of my children was subject to croup of a severe type, and the giving of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy promptly, always brought relief. Many mothers in this neighberhood think the same as I do about this remedy and want no other kind for their children." For sale by Jno. E. Smith, Sterling Run, Pa.

For a pleasant physic take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Easy to take. Pleasant in effect. For sale by Jno. E. Smith, Sterling Run, Pa.

Subscribe for the PRESS; only $1.50 a year in advance.

ATTACK ON PRESIDENT.

Attempt on Life of President Diaz of Mexico.

Man With a Criminal Record Fired Five Times at a Street Car In Which Diaz With His Staff Was Riding While Guest of State Government.

Guanajuato, Mex., Oct. 28. — Great excitement was caused here by an attempt on the life of President Diaz, who was a guest of the state government during the festivities here.

The president, his staff and guests were passing by the Cantagor garden in a street car when a man of the lower class named Ellis Toscano fired five shots from a revolver at the car. None of the shots took effect.

Paklo Escandon of the president's staff rushed out of the car and caught the man. The police took Toscano to prison. He is a man with a bad criminal record, and was but recently released from prison at Greanditas, where he had served a term for homicide. The matter will be investigated.

The president remained perfectly cool. Toscano's evil record renders the theory of a deliberate attempt at assassination probable.

The president received the congratulations of the citizens and diplomatic corps.

SAM PARKS' TRIAL.

Jury Completed and Assistant District Attorney Made Opening Address.

New York, Oct. 28.—When court reconvened Juror Aaron W. Silverberg, who had been chosen Monday, asked the court to excuse him for the day owing to the serious illness of his son and he was excused permanently, reducing the number oof jurors to nine. Duane F. Everson, a teacher, was chosen a few minutes later, making a new tenth juror.

Benton J. Sullivan was the eleventh juror and the last was Frederick T. Richards, a newspaper cartoonist, who was accepted after a rigid examination.

Assistant District Attorney Rand prefaced his remarks to the jurymen by saying: "We might as well understand each other at the beginning and thoroughly understand what and whom we are not trying. We are not here to antagonize the cause of labor unions, nor to voice the cause or the rights or wrongs of labor nor the rights or wrongs of capital. I say this to disabuse your minds of any idea that Parks, a walking delegate of a labor union, is on trial as a walking delegate. The term walking delegate is by no means a term of reproach although some persons have brought it intl disrepute. Parks is here charged with a crime, a statutory one, known as extortion."

Mr. Rand then explained in detail the charge against Parks.

At the conclusion of Mr. Rand's opening address, Mr. Osborne made two formal motions, to dismiss the indictment and asked that the district attorney should elect on which count in the indictment he would base his case. Both motions were overruled by Judge Newburger and the trial was adjourned for the day.

Winter Naval Maneuvers.

Washington, Oct. 28.—The program for the winter naval maneuvers determined upon by the navy department contemplates the concentration of the North Atlantic squadron off Guantanamo early in December so that the vessels may be present at the transfer of the coaling station at that point by Cuba to the United States. Leaving Guantanamo, the vessels will go to Culebra until Jan. 5, when the South Atlantic and European and Caribbean squadrons will join, making an immense fleet for the maneuvers. Toward the end of January the whole fleet will proceed to Guantanamo, where it will be joined by the coast squadron and strategic problems will be undertaken.

Forged Homestead Applications.

Portland, Ore., Oct. 28.—The United States grand jury returned indictments against Miss Mary L. Ware, Horace G. McKinley and S. A. D. Puter, in connection with the entry of Southern Oregon public lands. It is charged that these three defendants forged the names of fictitious persons to homestead applications and final proofs. Miss Ware was formerly a land commissioner at Eugene, was removed on charges of fraud. McKinley and Puter are timber land operators and it is alleged that they fraudulently secured large tracts by working in connection with Miss Ware.

THE BOND PROTECTS YOU.

L. Taggart Gives Signed Bond, With Mi-o-na, the Flesh-Forming Food.

With every box of Mi-o-na, the flesh-forming food and digestion regulator L. Taggart gives the following guarantee bond, binding himself to refund the money if Mi-o-na does not give an increase in weight and cure dyspepsia and all stomach troubles.

GUARANTEE BOND.

I hereby agree to refund the price paid for Mi-o-na if the purchaser tells me that it has not increased flesh and given freedom from stomach troubles.

L. TAGGART.

For years there has been a demand for a natural means for increasing flesh, and Mi-o-na has come to supply this need.

It is not a cod liver oil preparation, but a combination of flesh forming elements, that regulates and aids digestion and restores health. It mingles with the food you eat, aids its assimilation, tones up and strengthens the digestive organs, and puts the whole system in proper physical condition.

Every one who is troubled with dyspepsia has that tired feeling, loss of appetite, or is losing flesh or is in a run down condition, should take the guarantee bond to L. Taggart and begin the use of Mi-o-na at his risk.

Remember the treatment costs you nothing unlesa it does all that is claimed for it.

The Salve That Heals.

Without leaving a scar is DeWitt's. The name Witch Hazel is applied to many salves, but DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is the only Witch Hazel Salve made that contains the pure unadulterated witch hazel. If any other Witch Hazel Salve it is a counterfeit. E. C. DeWitt invented Witch Hazel Salve and DeWitt's Witch Haze! Salve is the best salve in the world for cuts, burns, bruises, tetter, or blind, bleeding, itching and protruding piles. Sold by R. C. Dodson.

DAY'S

THE SATISFACTORY STORE.

Many Emporium housekeepers have had their eyes opened during the past year or two to what constitutes an up-to-date grocery store. Many knew before, to be here, but though this store has been in operation for a number of years and steadily increased in popularity, there are some who have not availed themselves—possibly from prejudice—of the advantages and opportunities it has offered. To such we would say, you are the loosers. It has pleased others, it can please you. It claims to give better values and satisfactory treatment.

Be sure to take advantage of

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY BARGAINS.

Offer this week.

25C	Package Gold Dust Washing Powder.	20C
15C	Backage Matches "Big Value."	12C
10C	Package Bird Food "Square Deal."	7C
25C	Bottle Olives, Selected.	20C
25	Lb. Bag Sugar Best Granulated.	$1.40

BUTTER—That is always just right. The same every time is what we claim for our "Elmwood" Creamery. That's why it's so popular—27c lb.

Phone 6. J. H. DAY

LAUGHLIN
Laughlin Fountain Pen
IS THE PEER OF ALL PENS AND HAS NO EQUAL ANYWHERE.
FINEST GRADE 14K. GOLD PEN
YOUR CHOICE OF THESE TWO POPULAR STYLES FOR ONLY
$1.00
SUPERIOR TO OTHER MAKES AT $3
The Laughlin Fountain Pen Holder is made of finest quality hard rubber, is fitted with highest grade, large size, 14k. gold pen, of any desired flexibility, and has the only perfect feeding device known. Either style, richly gold mounted, for presentation purposes, $1.50 extra.
Surely you will not be able to secure anything at three times the price that will give such continuous pleasure and service.
For Sale by
Harry S. Lloyd,
Emporium, Pa.

PRETTY SOON AND BY-AND-BY.

Pretty Soon and By and By
Call us day by day;
They are cunning, they are shy,
Stealing time away:
Comes grave Opportunity
Calling to us: "Rise,
Gird yourselves and follow me
Out where glory lies;"
But we linger, listening
While the precious moments fly
To the luring song they sing,
Pretty Soon and By and By.

There are duties we have set
Four ourselves to do;
Most of mine are waiting yet,
How is it with you?
There are kindly acts we mean
To perform some day,
There are stains that we shall clean
From our hearts away,
But we linger, loth to go,
And we listen, you and I,
To their crooning soft and low,
Pretty Soon and By and By.

Pretty Soon and By and By
Seldom help to roll
Back obstructions hard and high
That shut out the goal:
They are sirens singing where
Failure's wasting time,
They have faces that are fair,
But their feet are slime!
All around them bleaching bones
Of their foolish victims lie—
Woe is in their luring tones,
Pretty Soon and By and By.
—S. E. Kiser, in Chicago Record-Herald.

A Daughter of the Sioux

By GEN. CHARLES KING.

Copyright, 1902, by The Hobart Company.

CHAPTER XX.—Continued.

"Look out for this man, corporal!" he called, to a shouting young trooper. "See that no harm comes to him." Then quickly he ran on to the huddle of travois. Something assured him she could not be far away. The stout drag litter held another young warrior, sullen and speechless like the foremost. The next bore a desperately wounded brave whose bloodless lips were compressed in agony and dumb as those of the dead. About these cowered, shivering, and whimpering, two or three terror-stricken squaws, one of them with a round-eyed papoose staring at her back. A pony lay struggling in the snow close by. Half a dozen rough soldier hands were dragging a stricken rider from underneath. Half a dozen more were striving to control the wild plungings of another mettlesome beast, whose rider, sitting firmly astride, lashed first at his quivering flank and then at the fur gauntleted hands—even at the laughing, bearded faces—sure sign of another squaw, and a game one. Far out to the front the crackle of carbine and rifle told that Webb was driving the scattered braves before him—that the comrade squadron was coming their way—that Bear Cliff had been sought by the Sioux in vain—that Indian wiles and strategy, Indian pluck and staying power, all had more than met their match. Whatever the fate of Lame Wolf's fighting force, now pressed by Henry's column, far in the southward hills, here in sight of the broad Big Horn valley, the white chief had struck a vital blow. Village, villagers, wounded and prisoners were all the spoil of the hated soldiery. Here at the scene of Blake's minor affair there appeared still in saddle just one undaunted, unconquered amazon whose black eyes flashed through the woolen hood that hid the rest of her face, whose lips had uttered as yet no sound, but from whom two soldiers recoiled at the cry of a third. "Look at the hand of her, fellers! It's whiter than mine!"

"That's all right, Lanigan," answered the jovial voice of the leader they loved and laughed with. "Hold that pony steady. Now, by your ladyship's leave," and two long sinewy arms went circling about the shrinking rider's waist, and a struggling form was lifted straightway out of the saddle and deposited, not too gracefully, on its moccasined feet. "We will remove this one impediment to your speech," continued Blake, whereat the muffling worsted was swiftly unwound, "and then we will listen to our meed of thanks. Ah, no wonder you did not need a side-saddle that night at Frayne. You ride admirably a califourchon—My compliments, Mademoiselle LaFleur—or should I say—Madame Moreau."

For all answer Blake received one quick, stinging slap in the face from that mittenless little right hand.

CHAPTER XXI.

Thanksgiving day at Frayne! Much of the garrison was still afield, bringing back to their lines, and, let us hope, to their senses, the remnants of Stabber's band, chased far into the Sweetwater Hills before they would stop, while Henry's column kept Lame Wolf in such active movement the misnamed chieftain richly won his later sobriquet "The Skipper." The general had come whirling back from Beecher in his Concord wagon, to meet Mr. Hay as they bore that invalid homeward from the Big Horn. Between the fever-weakened trader and the famous frontier soldier there had been brief conference—all that the doctors felt they could allow—and then the former had been put to bed under the care of his devoted wife, while the latter, without so much as sight of a pillow, had set forth again out Sweetwater way to wind up the campaign. This time he went in saddle, sending his own team over the range of the Medicine Bow to carry a convalescent subaltern to the side of a stricken father; the sender, ignorant, possibly, of the post commanders prohibition; ignoring it, if, as probable, it was known to him. The good old doctor himself had bundled the grateful lad and sent a special hospital attendant with him. Mrs. Dade and her devoted allies up the row had filled with goodies a wonderful luncheon basket, while Mrs. Hay had sent stores of wine for the use of both invalids, and had come down herself to see the start, for, without a word indicative of reproof, the general had bidden Flint remove the blockade, simply saying he would assume all responsibility, both for Mrs. Hay and the young Indian girl, given refuge under the trader's roof until the coming of her own people still out with Stabber's band. Flint could not fathom it. He could only obey.

And now, with the general gone and Beverly Field away, with Hay home and secluded by orders from all questioning or other extraneous worry, with the wounded soldiers safely trundled into hospital, garrison interest seemed to center for the time mainly in that little Ogallala maid—Flint's sole Sioux captive, who was housed, said the much interrogated domestic, in Mrs. Hay's own room instead of Miss Flower's, while the lady of the house, when she slept at all, occupied a sofa near her husband's bedside.

Then came the tidings that Blake, with the prisoners from No Wood Creek and Bear Cliff was close at hand, and everybody looked with eager eyes for the coming across the snowy prairie of that homeward-bound convoy—that big village of the Sioux, with its distinguished captives, wounded and unwounded; one of the former, the young sub-chief Eagle Wing, alias Moreau—one of the latter a self-constituted martyr, since she was under no official restraint—Nanette Flower, hovering ever about the litter bearing that sullen and still defiant brave, whose side she refused to leave.

Not until they reached Fort Frayne; not until the surgeon, after careful examination, declared there was no need of taking Moreau into hospital—no reason why he should not be confined in the prison room of the guardhouse—were they able to induce the silent, almost desperate girl to return to her aunt. Not until Nanette realized that her warrior was to be housed within wooden walls

"BLACK FORMS OF MOUNTS AND RIDERS SPED DESPERATELY AWAY."

whence she would be excluded, could Mrs. Hay, devoted to the last, persuade the girl to reoccupy her old room and to resume the dress of civilization. Barring that worsted hood, she was habited like a chieftain's daughter, in gaily beaded and embroidered garments, when recaptured by Blake's command. Once within the trader's door, she had shut herself in her old room, the second floor front, refusing to see anybody from outside the house, unless she could be permitted to receive visits from the captive Sioux, and this the major, flintily, forebade. It was nightfall when the litter-bearers reached the post, Hay's rejoicing mules braying unmelodious ecstacy at sight of their old stable. It was dark when the wounded chief was borne into the guard-house, uttering not a sound, and Nanette was led within the trader's door, yet some one had managed to see her face, for the story went all over the wondering post that very night—women flitting with it from door to door—that every vestige of her beauty was gone—she looked at least a dozen years older. Blake, when questioned, after the first rapture of the home-coming had subsided, would neither affirm nor deny. "She would neither speak to me nor harken," said he, whimsically. "The only thing she showed was teeth and—temper."

Two days after the safe lodgment of Eagle Wing behind the bars, the telegrams were coming by dozens, and one week after that deserved incarceration, Fort Frayne heard with mild bewilderment the major's order for Moreau's transfer to the hospital. By that time letters, too, were beginning to come, and, two nights after this removal to the little room but lately occupied by Lieut. Field—this very Thanksgiving night, in fact—the single sentry at the door stood attention to the commanding officer who in person ushered in a womanly form enveloped in hooded cloak, and with bowed head Nanette Flower passed within the guarded portal, which then closed behind her and left her alone with her wounded brave.

Just as tattoo was sounding on the infantry bugle, Esther Dade sat reading fairy stories at the children's bedside in the quarters of Sergeant Foster, of her father's company. There had been Thanksgiving dinner with Mrs. Ray, an Amazonian feast since all their lords were still away on service and Sandy Ray and Billy, Jr., were perhaps too young to count. Dinner was all over by eight o'clock, and, despite some merry games, the youngsters' eyes were showing symptoms of the sandman's coming, when that privileged character, Hogan, Ray's long-tried trooper now turned major domo, appeared at the doorway of the little army parlor. He had been bearer of a lot of goodies to the children among the quarters of the married soldiers, and now, would Mrs. Dade please speak with Mrs. Foster, who had come over with him, and Mrs. Dade departed for the kitchen forthwith. Presently she returned. "I'm going back awhile with Mrs. Foster," said she. "She's sitting up to-night with poor Mrs. Wing, who—" But there was no need of explanation. They all knew. They had laid so recently their wreaths of evergreen on the grave of the gallant soldier who fell, fighting at the Elk, and now another helpless little soul had come to bear the buried name, and all that were left for mother and babe was woman's boundless charity. It was Thanksgiving night, and while the wail of the bereaved and stricken went up from more than one of these humble tenements below the eastward bluff, there were scores of glad and grateful hearts that lifted praise and thanksgiving to the throne on high, even though they knew not at the moment that they, too, might, even then, be robbed of all that stood between them and desolation. Once it happened in the story of our hard-fighting, hard used little army that a bevy of fair young wives, nearly half a score in number in all the bravery of their summer toilets, sat in the shadow of the flag, all smiles and gladness and applause, joining in the garrison festivities on the nation's natal day, never dreaming of the awful news that should fell them ere the coming of another sun; that one and all they had been widowed more than a week; that the men they loved, whose names they bore, lay hacked and mutilated beyond recognition within sight of those very hills where now the men from Frayne were facing the same old foe. In the midst of army life we are, indeed, in death, and the thanksgiving of loving ones about the fireside for mercies thus far shown, is mingled ever with the dread of what the morrow may unfold.

"Let me go too, mamma," was Esther's prompt appeal, as she heard her mother's words. "I can put the children to bed while you and Mrs. Foster are over there."

And so with Hogan, lantern bearing, mother and daughter had followed the sergeant's wife across the broad, snow-covered parade; had passed without comment, though each was thinking of the new inmate, the brightly-lighted hospital building on the edge of the plateau, and descended the winding pathway to the humble quarters of the married soldiers, nestling in the sheltered flats between the garrison proper and the bold bluffs that again close bordered the rushing stream. And here at Sergt. Foster's doorway Esther parted from the elders, and was welcomed by shrieks of joy from three sturdy little cherubs—the sergeant's olive branches, and here, as the last notes of tattoo went echoing away under the vast and spangled sky, one by one her charges closed their drooping lids and dropped to sleep and left their gentle friend and reader to her own reflections.

There was a soldier dance that night in one of the vacant messrooms. Flint's two companies were making the best of their isolation, and found, as is not utterly uncommon, quite a few maids and matrons among the households of the absent soldiery quite willing to be consoled and comforted. There were bright lights, therefore, further along the edge of the steep, beyond those of the hospital, and the squeak of fiddle and drone of 'cello, mingled with the plaintive piping of the flute, were heard at intervals through the silence of the wintry night. No tramp of sentry broke the hush about the little rift between the heights—the major holding that none was necessary where there were so many dogs—most of the soldiers' families had gone to the dance; all of the younger children were asleep; even the dogs were still, and so, when at ten o'clock Esther tiptoed from the children's bedside and stood under the starlight, the murmur of the Platte was the only sound that reached her ears until away over at the southwest gate the night guards began the long-drawn heralding of the hour. "Ten o'clock and all's well" it went from post to post along the west and northward front, but when Number Six, at the quartermaster's storehouse near the southeast corner, should have taken up the cry where it was dropped by Number Five, afar over near the flagstaff, there was unaccountable silence. Six did not utter a sound.

Looking up from the level of "Sudstown," as it had earlier been named, Esther could see the black hulk of the storehouse close to the edge of the plateau. Between its westward gable end and the porch of the hospital lay some 50 yards of open space, and through this gap now gleamed a spangled section of the western heavens. Along the bluff, just under the crest, ran a pathway that circled the southeastward corner and led away to the trader's store, south of the post. Tradition had it that the track was worn by night raiders, bearing contraband fluids from store to barracks in the days before such traffic was killed by that commonsense promoter of temperance—soberness and chastity—the post exchange. Along that bluff line, from the storehouse toward the hospital, invisible, doubtless, from either building or from the bluff itself, but thrown in sharp relief against that rectangular inlet of starry sky, two black figures, crouching and bearing some long, flat object between them, swift and noiseless were speeding toward the hospital. The next instant they were lost in the black background of that building. Then, as suddenly and a moment later, one of them reappeared, just for a moment, against the brightly lighted window—the southernmost window on the eastward side—the window of the room that had been Beverly Field's—the window of the room now given over to Eagle Wing, the Sioux—the captive for whose safe keeping a special sentry within the building, and this strangely silent Number Six without, were jointly responsible. Then that silhouetted figure was blotted from her sight in general darkness, for the lights within as suddenly went out.

And at that very moment a sound smote upon the ear, unaccountable at that hour and at that side of the garrison—hoofbeats swiftly coming down in the hollow from the eastward bluff—hoofbeats and low, excited voices. Foster's little house was southernmost of the settlement. The ground was open between it and the heights, and despite the low, cautious tones, Esther heard the foremost rider's muttered angering words. "Dam fool! Crazy! Heap Crazy! Too much hurry. Ought t' let him call off first!" Then an answer in guttural Sioux.

And then in an instant it dawned upon the girl that here was new crime, new bloodshed, perhaps, and a plot to free a villainous captive. Her first thought was to scream for aid, but what aid could she summon? Not a man was within hail except these, the merciless haters of her race and name. To scream would be to invite their ready knives to her heart—to the heart of any woman who might rush to her succor. The cry died in her throat, and, trembling with dread and excitement, she clung to the door post and crouched and listened, for stifled mutterings could be heard, a curse or two in vigorous English, a stamping of impatient ponies, a warning in a woman's tone. Then, thank God! Up at the storehouse corner a light came dancing into view. In honest soldier tones boomed out the query "What's the matter, Six?" and then, followed by a scurry of hoofs, a mad lashing of quirts and scramble and rush of frightened steeds, a cursing of furious tongues, her own brave young voice rang out on the night. "This way, sergeant! Help—Quick!"

Black forms of mounts and riders sped desperately away, and then with all the wiry, sinewy strength of her lithe and slender form, Esther hurled herself upon another slender figure, speeding after these, afoot. Desperately she clung to it in spite of savage blows and strainings. And so they found her, as forth they came—a rush of shrieking, startled, candle-bearing women—of bewildered and unconsciously blasphemous men of the guard—her arms locked firmly about a girl in semi-savage garb. The villain of the drama had been whisked away, leaving the woman who sought to save him to the mercy of the foe.

[To Be Continued.]

An Air-Tight Fit.

Mrs. Jennings and her city cousin were exchanging news of their old school friends. "How about Lucy Morse?" asked the cousin. "Has she kept on growing fatter and fatter?"

"Well, all I'll say is this," said Mrs. Jennings. "Annie Fall told me last year that when Lucy sent home from Nashua, where she was nursing her uncle, to have a silk waist made, Annie realized she hadn't got any measures; and then she remembered that the last time Lucy was there she stood up by the big air-tight stove, and Annie remarked (to herself) the resemblance between 'em. And she took the measure of that air-tight, and cut in a mite for the waist line—'bout as much as a knife marks warm molasses candy—and made the waist accordingly, sent it on, and Lucy wrote back it was an elegant fit."—Youth's Companion.

The Thief of Time.

The emperor of Germany is a strict disciplinarian, and his power makes the penalty for being lax in his service severe and without appeal. For some time, says an English paper, he noticed that his barber came always a few minutes late. Finally the emperor gave the delinquent a fine gold chronometer, and urged him to use it.

"Have you still the chronometer I gave you?"

"Yes, your majesty, here it is," replied the barber, taking it from his pocket.

"Give it to me," said the emperor. "It is evidently of no use to you, and you may have this one instead."

So saying he placed the handsome gold chronometer on his dressing table, and handed the amazed barber a nickle-plated watch worth about five shillings.—Youth's Companion.

All He Asked.

August Manns, the eminent musical conductor, was asked by the London Chronicle for some words from his pen to be added to a notice of his seventy-seventh birthday, and in answer the conductor sent the following musical litany: "From ambitious singers with bad voices, from fiddlers who play out of time, from Wagner disciples without talent, good Lord deliver me."

Pennsylvania RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD DIVISION.

In effect May 24, 1903.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM EASTWARD

8 15 A. M.—Week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 5.23 P. M., New York 9.30 P. M., Baltimore 6.00 P. M., Washington 7.15 P. M. Pullman Parlor car from Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington.

12 25 P. M. (Emporium Junction) daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 7:32 p. m.; New York, 10:23 p. m.; Baltimore, 7:30 p. m.; Washington, 8:35, p. m. Vestibuled Parlor cars and passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

8 20 P. M.—daily for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 A. M., New York 7.13 A. M., Baltimore, 2:20 A. M. Washington, 3:30 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:30 A. M.

10 25 P. M.—Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 7.22 A. M., New York 9.33 A. M., weekdays, (10.33 A. M. Sunday;) Baltimore 7.15 A. M., Washington 8.30 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie, Buffalo and Williamsport to Philadelphia and Buffalo, Williamsport to Washington. Passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore.

12:01 A. M. (Emporium Junction), daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 7:22 a. m.; New York, 9:33 a. m., week days; (10:33 Sundays); Baltimore, 7:15 a. m.; Washington, 8:30 a. m. Vestibuled Buffet Sleeping Cars and Passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

WESTWARD.

5:10 A. M.—Emporium Junction—daily for Erie, Ridgway, and week days for DuBois, Clermont and intermediate stations.

10 30 A. M.—Daily for Erie and week days for DuBois and intermediate stations.

6 23 P. M.—Week days for Kane and intermediate stations.

RIDGWAY AND CLEARFIELD R. R. CONNECTIONS.
(Week days.)

SOUTHWARD.			Stations.	NORTHWARD		
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
.....	9 00	4 00	....Renovo....	.....	5 00	11 45
.....	9 50	4 33	...Driftwood...	.....	4 00	11 02
.....	10 25	5 10	Emporium Junc	.....	3 23	10 35
.....	11 18	5 53	...St. Marys...	.....	2 41	9 50
3 25	11 05	6 00	.....Kane.....	12 25	3 05	8 25
3 43	11 23	6 22	....Wilcox....	12 05	2 45	8 04
3 55	11 38	6 36	..Johnsonburg..	9 55	2 33	7 49
4 10	12 10	7 09	...Ridgway,...	9 30	2 15	7 30
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4 20	12 20	7 19	..Mill Haven...	9 20	2 04	7 20
4 30	12 30	7 21	.. Croyland....	9 10	1 54	7 09
4 34	12 33	7 25	..Shorts Mills..	9 06	1 51	7 05
4 57	12 26	7 28	...Blue Rock...	9 02	1 47	7 01
4 41	12 40	7 31	...Carrier....	8 57	1 43	6 57
4 51	12 50	7 43	.Brockwayville..	8 49	1 33	6 47
4 54	12 54	7 47	...Lanes Mills..	8 44	1 28	6 43
		7 51	.McMinns Sm't.	8 40		6 38
5 02	1 03	7 54	.Harveys Run..	8 35	1 19	6 35
5 10	1 10	8 01	..Falls Creek...	8 30	1 15	6 30
5 25	1 25	8 13	....DuBois.....	8 20	1 05	6 10
5 12	1 15	8 05	..Falls Creek...	6 53	1 15	6 30
5 27	1 32	8 18	.Reynoldsville..	6 39	12 52	6 15
6 00	1 59	8 45	.. Brookville..	6 05	12 24	5 35
6 45	2 38	9 30	New Bethlehem		11 47	4 55
7 25	3 20	10 19	...Red Bank....	.....	11 10	4 05
9 45	5 30	12 35	....Pittsburg....	.....	9 00	1 36
P. M.	P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.

BUFFALO & ALLEGHENY VALLEY DIVISION.

Leave Emporium Junction for Port Allegany, Olean, Arcade, East Aurora and Buffalo.

Train No. 107, daily,.....4:05 A. M.
Train No. 115, daily,.....4:15 P. M.

Trains leave Emporium for Keating, Port Allegany, Coudersport, Smethport, Eldred, Bradford, Olean and Buffalo, connecting at Buffalo for points East and West.

Train No. 101, week days,.....8:30 A. M.
Train No. 103, week days.....1:40 P. M.

Train No. 103 will connect at Olean with Chautauqua Division for Allegany, Bradford, Salamanca Warren, Oil City and Pittsburg.

LOW GRADE DIVISION.

EASTBOUND.

Stations.	109	113	101	105	107.	901
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M	P. M	A. M.
Pittsburg,..Lv.	.....	†6 15	†9 00	†130	*505	† 9 00
Red Bank,.....	.....	9 28	11 10	4 05	7 55	11 10
Lawsonham,..	.....	9 40	‡1122	4 18	8 07	11 23
New Bethle'm.	.....	10 13	11 47	4 50	8 37	11 55
Brookville,....	†6 05	11 00	12 24	5 39	9 22	12 41
Reynoldsville,.	6 39	11 32	12 52	6 15	9 50	1 14
Falls Creek....	6 53	11 48	1 13	6 30	1005	1 29
DuBois,.....	7 00	†11 55	1 25	6 40	1010	‡ 1 35
Sabula,.....	7 12	.....	1 37	6 52	‡*	
Pennfield,.....	7 30	.....	1 55	7 10	Note.	
Bennezette,....	8 04	.....	2 29	7 44		
Driftwood,.....	†8 40	.....	†3 05	†820		
via P. & E. Div						
Driftwood.. Lv.	*9 50	.....	†3 45			
Emporium, Ar.	†10 30	.....	†4 10			
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M	P. M	P. M.

WESTBOUND.

Stations.	108	106	102	114	110	942
Via P. & E. Div	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M	P. M.
Emporium, Lv.	.....	.....	†8 15	.....	†3 20	.....
Driftwood, Ar..	.....	.....	†9 00	.....	†4 00	.....
Via L. G. Div	.....			.....		.....
Driftwood, Lv.	.....	†6 10	†1110	.....	†5 50	.....
Bennezette,....	.....	6 45	11 45	.....	6 26	.....
Pennfield,.....	.....	7 20	12 20	.....	7 00	.....
Sabula,.....	.....		12 39	.....	7 18	.....
DuBois.....	*6 10	8 00	12 55	†5 05	7 35	†4 10
Falls Creek,....	6 17	8 05	1 15	5 12	7 42	4 17
Reynoldsville,.	6 31	8 18	1 29	5 27	7 58	4 30
Brookville.....	7 05	8 45	1 59	6 00	†8 30	5 00
New Bethle'm.	7 51	9 30	2 38	6 45	.....	5 45
Lawsonham,..	8 21	9 57	†3 06	7 14	.....	6 18
Red Bank,Ar..	8 35	10 10	3 20	7 25	.....	6 30
Pittsburg, Ar...	*11 15	†1235	†5 30	†9 45	.....	†9 30
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

Note—Train 107 on Sundays will make all stop between Red Bank and DuBois.
*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only
‡Flag Stop.

For Time Tables and further information, apply to Ticket Agent.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager.
GEO. W. BOYD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS.	10	8	4	6	2
	P. M.	.....	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Port Allegany,.. Lv.	3 15	.....	7 05	.....	11 36
Coleman,.....	*3 23	.....	○○	.....	*11 41
Burtville,.....	*3 30	.....	7 16	.....	11 47
Roulette,.....	3 40	.....	7 25	.....	11 55
Knowlton's,.....	*3 45	.....	○○	.....	*11 59
Mina,.....	3 59	.....	7 35	.....	12 05
Olmsted,.....	*4 05	.....	*7 38	.....	*12 09
Hammonds,.....	○○	.....	○○	.....	*12 13
Coudersport. {Ar.	4 20	A. M.	7 45	.....	12 15
Coudersport. {Lv.		6 10		6 00	1 00
North Coudersport,	.....	*6 15	.....	○○	*1 05
Frink's,.....	.....	6 25	.....	*6 10	*1 12
Colesburg,.....	.....	*6 40	.....	*6 17	1 20
Seven Bridges,.....	.....	*6 45	.....	*6 21	*1 24
Raymonds's,.....	.....	*7 00	.....	*6 30	1 35
Gold,.....	.....	7 05	.....	6 36	1 41
Newfield,.....	.....	○○	.....		1 48
Newfield Junction,..	.....	7 37	.....	6 45	1 56
Perkins,.....	.....	*7 40	.....	*6 48	*1 58
Carpenter's,.....	.....	7 46	.....	○○	*1 57
Crowell's,.....	.....	7 50	.....	*6 53	*2 01
Ulysses,..... Ar.	.....	8 05	.....	7 05	2 10
	.....	A. M.	.....		P. M.

WESTWARD.

STATIONS.	1	5	3	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	.....
Ulysses,.....Lv.	7 20	2 25	9 10	.....
Crowell's,.....	*7 27	*2 32	* 9 19	.....
Carpenter's,.....	○○	*2 34	* 9 22	.....
Perkins,.....	*7 32	*2 37	* 9 26	.....
Newfield Junction,.....	7 37	2 42	9 32	.....
Newfield,.....	*7 41	2 46	○○	.....
Gold,.....	7 44	2 49	9 40	.....
Raymond's.....	*7 49	2 54	* 9 47	.....
Seven Bridges,.....	*8 01	*3 03	*10 02	.....
Colesburg,.....	*8 04	3 09	*10 10	.....
Frink's,.....	*8 12	*3 17	*10 20	.....
North Coudersport,.....	○○	*3 26	*10 35	.....
Coudersport,..... {Ar.	8 25	3 30	10 45	.....
Coudersport,..... {Lv.	8 28	6 00	P. M. 1 20	.....
	○○	○○	○○	.....
Hammonds,.....	*8 33	*6 05	*1 31	.....
Olmsted,.....	8 37	6 10	1 37	.....
Knowlton's,.....	○○	*6 17	○○	.....
Roulette,.....	8 47	6 21	1 51	.....
Burtville,.....	8 54	6 28	2 01	.....
Coleman,.....	○○	*6 34	○○	.....
Port Allegany,.....	9 08	6 40	2 25	.....

(*) Flag stations. (○○) Trains do not stop
(†) Telegraph offices Train Nos. 3 and 10

carry passengers. Tains 8 and 10 do.

Trains run on Eastern Standard Time.

Connections—At Ulysses with Fall Brook R'y for points north and south. At B. & S. Junction with Buffalo & Susquehanna R. R. north for Wellsville, south for Galeton and Ansonia. At Port Allegany with W. N. Y. & P. R. R., north for Buffalo, Olean, Bradford and Smethport; south for Keating Summit, Austin, Emporium and Penn'a R. R., points.

B. A. McCLURE Gen'l Supt.
Coudersport, Pa.

BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA R. R.

Time Table taking Effect June 23, 1902.

Buffalo and Susquehanna Railroad and Connections.

"The Grand Scenic Route."

READ DOWN.

	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	.....
Lv K'ting Smt...		12 40	7 30	9 10	.....
.....Austin.....	6 35	1 05	8 00	9 50	.....
....Costello.....	6 44	1 14	.....		.....
....Wharton.....	6 56	1 26	.....	3 10	.....
Cross Fork Jct.	7 39	2 09	.....	4 23	.....
....Corbett.....	8 06	2 36	.....	5 15	.....
Germania,.....		2 47	.....	5 15	.....
Ar. Galeton, Lv.	.....	.....	.....	5 23	.....
	8 23	2 53	.....	5 35	.....
.....Gaines Jct.	8 35	3 06	.....	.....	.....
...Westfield....	9 13	3 43	.....	.....	.....
....Knoxville....	9 26	3 56	.....	.....	.....
....Osceola.....	9 36	4 06	.....	.....	.....
.....Elkland.....	9 41	4 11	.....	.....	.....
Ar..Addison.....	10 13	4 43	.....	.....	.....
	A. M.	P. M.	.....	.....	.....

READ UP.

	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	.....	P. M.
Lv. K't'ng Smt...	8 45	7 10	.....	12 25	.....	.....
.... Austin,.....	8 00	6 43	.....	11 58	.....	8 45
....Costello,.....	.....	6 34	.....	11 49	.....	8 36
...Wharton,.....	.....	6 24	8 04	11 39	.....	8 26
Cross Fork J'ct,	.....	5 40	7 25	10 58	.....	7 40
....Corbett,.....		5 15	6 44	10 34	.....	7 15
....Germania,....	.....	5 07	6 31	10 26	.....	7 07
dp..Galeton.....	P. M.	5 00	6 25	.....	.....	.....
ar, "	7 00	.....	1 00	10 20	.....	7 00
.... Gaines, ...	6 47	.....	12 47	10 00	.....	6 47
....Westfield, ...	6 11	.....	12 11	8 16	.....	6 11
....Knoxville	5 55	.....	11 55	8 00	.....	5 55
....Osceola,.....	5 46	.....	11 46	7 51	.....	5 46
....Elkland,.....	5 41	.....	11 41	7 46	.....	5 41
Lv Addison,.....	5 10	.....	11 10	7 15	.....	5 10
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	.....	P. M.

Read down. Read up.

P. M.	A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	.....
	9 21	7 00	lv..Ansonia..ar	9 40	8 20	.....
	9 11		..Manhatten...	9 54	8 35	.....
	9 07		.South Gaines,.	9 57	8 39	.....
P. M.	8 59	6 37	..Gaines Junc...	9 59	8 42	.....
.....	8 45	6 25	ar Galeton lv		8 55	.....
	6 30	1 05	lv Galeton ar	10 10	4 45	.....
.....	6 47	1 24	....Walton.....	9 51	4 39	.....
.....	7 13	1 50	.Newfield Jct...	9 27	4 15	.....
.....	7 30	2 06	West Bingham,.	9 09	3 58	.....
.....	7 41	2 18	.... Genesee....	8 58	3 48	.....
.....	7 48	2 24	....Shongo	8 53	3 43	.....
.....	8 06	2 46	dp Wellsville ar	8 30	3 20	.....

STATIONS.

P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	ar dp	A. M.	P. M	P. M.
3 05	2 00	7 15	Cross F'k Junc.	11 00	6 35	3 00
3 55	1 00	6 25	ar Cross Fork dp	11 50	5 45	2 10
P. M.	P. M.			A. M.	A. M	
8 58	1 00		Lv Sinnamahoning, Ar	1 40	165	
6 15	1 40		ar.....Wharton.....lv	3 00	9 55	

All trains run daily. Except Sunday.
Sundays only.

CONNECTIONS.

At Keating Summit with P. R. R. Buf. Div. for all points north and south.

At Ansonia with N. Y. C. & H. R. R. for all points north and south.

At Newfield Junction with C. & P. A. R. R. west for Coudersport, east for Ulysses.

At Genesee for points on the New York & Pennsylvania R. R.

At Addison with Erie R. R., for points east and west.

At Wellsville with Erie R. R. for points east and west.

At Sinnamahoning with P. R. R.—P. & E. Div.

H. H. GARDINER, Gen'l Pass'r Agt. Buffalo, N. Y
W. C. PARK, Gen'l Supt. Galeton, Pa.
M. J. McMAHON, Div. Pass Ag't., Galeton, Pa.

Business Cards.

B. W. GREEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Emporium, Pa.
A business relating to estate, collections, real estates, Orphan's Court and general law business will receive prompt attention. 42-1y.

J. C. JOHNSON. J. P. McNARNEY
JOHNSON & McNARNEY,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
EMPORIUM, PA.
Will give

SMALL WAIST CRAZE.

Twenty Inches Quite Enough and More Than Twenty-Two Not to Be Endured.

Since it has been decreed that the shall-waisted, short-hipped figure is the only one acknowledged by fashion, the necessity for tight-lacing, writes a lady correspondent, has become imperative. Corsets are worn—often at night as well as all day—which press the waist line in and down to the hips, so that, instead of showing a long, slight curve, they may be forced into short, round curves. Women who wear these corsets live in a kind of torture, and the pressure in time sets up serious internal complications, including heart disease and lung trouble.

To such an extent has the evil grown, it may be mentioned, that at a certain famous modiste's orders for gowns from ladies whose waist measurements are over 22 inches are delicately, but firmly declined.

"We dare not risk our reputation by gowning any but the most fashionable women," explained the principal recently, "and no woman with a large waist can look well in a frock designed for one who has cultivated the short-hip figure. So if a customer comes to us wearing the old-fashioned style of corset, and does not seem inclined to conform to newer ideas, she must go elsewhere for her gowns.

"We have heaps of customers whose measurements are three and four inches smaller than they were last year, and in almost every case this is due to the tight-lacing demanded to acquire the new figure. Quite young girls are the worst offenders, and I am quite sure we have not made a gown this season for a debutante whose waist measurement exceeded 20 inches."

Until women are brave enough to defy fashion the evil will doubtless grow instead of lessen, and the practice will continue to add appreciably to the death roll and fill the incurable hospitals with women who have ruined themselves for the sake of a small waist.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

Putting the Baby to Sleep.

"I had tried everything to make my little one sleepy at the right time," said one of the progressive mothers, "and all to no avail. He simply would not sleep when I put him to bed. I had to forbid the 'romp with papa' after dinner, because it seemed to wake the boy up so thoroughly. I tried rubbing his feet and putting a hot water bag in the bed on cold nights. I tried feeding him just before taking off his clothes. Nothing had any effect on his excited nerves. Then the doctor suggested a remedy that worked like a charm. Taking off Jack's clothes, I sponged off his spine in hot water, beginning at the neck and passing down slowly and gently, and so over and over again. I kept the water as hot as could be borne, and continued the treatment until the skin was red. Then the back was dried gently and the child put into bed. Either the gentle downward stroke or the hot water had a soothing effect on the nerves. Anyway, sleep was sure to follow. A week or two of this treatment will usually effect a permanent cure."—Chicago News.

How to Renovate Bronze.

Bronze may be renovated and recolored thus: Mix one part of muriatic acid and two parts of water. Free the article from all grease and dust and apply the mixture with a cloth. When dry, polish with sweet oil.

How to Open Oysters.

To open oyster shells easily, just place the oysters on the warm kitchen stove for a second, then insert the knife between the thin portion of the shell, and it will open easily.

MORE BEAUTY DON'TS.

Secrets of Having Shapely and Pretty Nails and Soft and Delicate Fingers.

Don't over-manicure the hands, or they will become so tender as to be easily reddened and roughened.

Don't wash the hands oftener than necessary, and dry them thoroughly after every washing.

Don't neglect the palms of the hands. They need attention as much as the backs of the hands. Rub an emollient—perfumed honey is good—into the palms with thumb and forefinger.

Don't neglect massaging and kneading of the hands, in order to secure good circulation, which helps to keep the hands white and make the skin pliant.

Don't forget to pinch the ends of the fingers now and then. This will do a good deal toward making the fingers taper.

Don't polish the nails too highly, or they become so brittle that the slightest contact with anything hard breaks them down to the quick, thereby causing intense pain.

Don't file or scrape the nails; either process only helps to thicken them. They should be rubbed down with the very fine emery and cinnabar powder, which is used for polishing shell and ivory.

Don't allow the nails to remain long soiled with anything that will stain them.

Don't always use a nail polisher or buffer. Once in awhile try polishing the nails on the palm of the hand.

Don't trim the nails to sharp points. If there is anything that will set the teeth on edge it is to shake hands and feed a slight graze from such claws. It is feline.

Don't always use scissors to trim the nails; a file is better to round off the edges. Nothing tends to injure the nails so much as persistent trimming with a pair of scissors.

Don't think that one rule applies to all finger nails. No two sets of nails can be treated quite alike, not alone because of their texture, but of their formation. To trim some nails overmuch renders them thick and ugly. To leave others too long uncut increases their tendency to brittleness.

Don't wear rings that are too small. The inevitable result is disfigurement from red and swollen hands and knuckles.

Don't wear gloves stitched with colors. They make the hands look larger.

Don't wear gloves that are a size too small or that fasten too tightly. This prevents free circulation and makes the hands red.

Don't think the appearance of the hands a trifling consideration. A beautiful hand may be even more fascinating than a beautiful face, and nothing more strongly marks the person of birth and breeding.—Washington Star.

Setting Colors in Fabrics.

It is impossible to tell whether a color is fast before washing, but by far the safest plan is to "set" the color before it goes to the tub for the first time. One of the best methods of settling delicate colors consists in simply making a strong brine of cold water and salt and soaking the garment from 12 to 24 hours. Of course this should be done just before going to the laundry, and the salt should not be allowed to dry in it. This is especially good for all shades of pink and green, and colors once set this way will be bright as long as it would be possible to expect it. A strong solution of alum and water is good, particularly with blue, and the more delicate shades of brown, but its effect is not so lasting as that of salt and it is sometimes necessary to renew the bath after the first three or four washings. Some people recommend solutions of lead and copperas, but as both of these are poisonous drugs, it is better to avoid them.—Chicago Daily News.

Getting Around a Difficulty.

Ward Worker—No, sir; I'd never sell my vote. I'd—

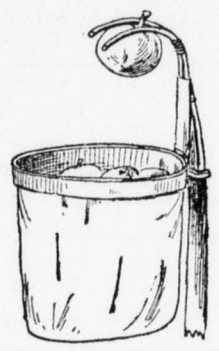
Candidate—Ah! but won't you rent it to me for a day?

Ward Worker—Well, that's different.—N. Y. Mail and Express.

HANDY FRUIT PICKER.

For Occasional Use It Can Be Recommended, But It Doesn't Do Hand Work.

The cut is engraved partly from a wide model of the hook part, sent us by a correspondent. It consists of a pronged wire hook, with small, open mouthed bag beneath, both attached to a long handle or pole. Its method of use is shown in the cut. It has long been in occasional use, and is kept



EMERGENCY FRUIT PICKER.

on sale (except the handle) at most large hardware stores. Its principal use is for picking a few very fine specimens, not otherwise accessible, except by shaking, and too valuable to shake and bruise. We have long had one, but we seldom use it. The human hand can reach nearly all specimens from a well made and skillfully set ladder. All of our picking ladders come gradually to a point at the top, and can be run anywhere through a tree, or be set in quite a small crotch. If the ladder is set very nearly plumb, the pressure upon the crotch or limb is very slight; and the human hand (both hands, with basket hooked on ladder round, or hung, by strap, snap and ring, around the picker's neck and shoulder) can pick ten times as fast and well as any picking hook or device we have ever seen.—Ohio Farmer.

GREEN FOOD FOR PIGS.

English Farmer Gives His Ideas of How to Make Cheap and Excellent Pork.

A writer in the London Live Stock Journal, who seems to be talking out of his own experience, says:

"Now, it is questionable whether there is a better and cheaper way of making pork than to grow a field or two of rape, clover or grass and clover root mixed, and run therein a number of strong young shotes during the summer months, shutting them up for a period of from six to eight weeks in the autumn and feeding them on some good fattening food, when they will be ready for the butcher. A pig should make good pork, running from 11 to 12 stone, in seven months from birth, it is asserted. In no way can he do it better than on the lines indicated. Frame, bone and form can be developed to perfection, and good pasturage, combined with a daily feed of grain food or milk and meal.

"While good grass, clover or vetches and clover make excellent pasture, rape gives still better results. Pigs thrive and feed on it amazingly. A farmer, a neighbor of mine, who keeps a herd of approximately 200 pigs, speaks in the highest terms of rape as a green food for them. It is a useful crop in other ways, as lambs do exceedingly well on it.

"It would really appear that the system of grazing pigs could be extended from its present narrow and restricted limits with decided advantage. A field or two of rape, clover, etc., for summer pasturing, with, perhaps, an acre or so of artichokes in addition, would well repay cultivation where pigs are kept in any numbers."

SEVERE ROOT PRUNING.

System Has Many Advocates and Is Especially Applicable Where Climate Is Dry.

The advocates of severe root pruning for trees being transplanted seem to be increasing in number. According to Luther Burbank this system is especially advantageous for planting in dry climates. In a recent issue of the Rural New Yorker he says: Every experienced nurseryman trims all the small side roots off his nursery stock before planting. This is a universal custom, and in my experiments I have found that seedlings and very young trees should always be treated in this way under all circumstances. A young seedling tree which has had its roots cut off to within a few inches of the collar, and the top almost wholly removed, will in all cases make a far better growth than the one planted with all its roots, even if the top should be removed. Of course it is necessary to remove the top in proportion to the amount of roots removed, and, strange as it may seem, it is especially necessary to prune the roots short when they are to be planted on land that has little moisture near the surface. For the trees having many side roots divide their forces in starting in all directions, instead of making a good, substantial main tap root, which the closely pruned seedling will always proceed to do. Though of universal application, these facts are especially applicable to dry climates like California and Texas.

The man who takes care of your dairy cows should be a gentle man.

CHAIN OF SUGGESTION.

One Barber After the Other Had an Idea to Offer the Pertinacious Customer.

"A man up in my country had a melancholly experience," declared Senator Frye, of Maine. "This man determined to get a shave every other day and to let every barber cut his hair who suggested it. At the end of a week three different barbers had intimated that the hair needed trimming and were told to 'go ahead and trim.' As the hair was now beyond the trimming stage, the fourth barber's advice, 'that clipping would be beneficial,' was accepted. 'Now,' thought the man, 'the next barbar will be satisfied that when I say 'shave,' I mean 'shave' and nothing more. Yet when the fifth barber mentioned 'singeing' he permitted his closely-cropped hair to be singed. The sixth night was on a Saturday. He went to still another barber, now satisfied that when he said 'shave' no barber would have the temerity to hint at an attempt to reduce the length of his hair.

"'Did you ever try Dr. Comeup's hair restorer?' questioned the barber as he took up a bottle.

"The Indians had a quicker way of getting at a man's scalp than these barbers," commented Senator Chandler.

"Yes," said the Maine statesman, "but we are living under modern, not ancient barbarism."

For a Bad Back.

Sabra, Montana, Oct. 19th.—A great many men in this neighborhood used to complain of pains in the back, but now scarcely one can be found who has any such trouble.

Mr. Gottlieb Mill is largely responsible for the improvement, for it was he who first of all found the remedy for this Backache. He has recommended it to all his friends and neighbors, and in every case it has had wonderful success.

Mr. Mill says:—

"For many years I had been troubled with my Kidneys and pains in the small of my back. I tried many medicines but did not derive any benefit until last fall, when I bought a dozen boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills. After using them a few days I began to improve, my back quit aching and I felt better and stronger all around.

"I will keep them in the house right along, for in my opinion they are the best medicine in the market to-day, and if my back should bother me again, I will use nothing else."

Never Again.

Biway—Use an alarm clock nowadays?

Jigsup—No; never tried one but once.

"How was that?"

"Well, you see, the first time it went off I didn't exactly know what it was, and so I said: 'O, for heaven's sake, Maria, shut up!' Maria happened to be awake, and—well, that is how it was."—Stray Stories.

H re Is the Evidence

That the Great Southwest is full of money-making possibilities—our booklets on "Beautiful Indian Territory," "Texas," "The Golden Square," "Business Chances," and others equally as interesting, which will be mailed you on receipt of two-cent stamp. Address GEORGE MORTON, G. P. & T. A., M., K. & T. Ry., Suite I, Wainwright Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

Why Not?

"Here's an account of a big landslide," said the new reporter. "Under what head shall I put it?"

"Put it with the real estate transfers," said the city editor, as he wrote: "Continued on the forty-first page" in the middle of a four-line paragraph.—Youth's Companion.

Stops the Cough

and works off the cold. Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Price 25 cents

A Catching Advertisement.—Ida—"Gertrude inserted an advertisement that she would like to meet a gentleman who was fond of outdoor life." Belle—"Who answered?" Ida—"Sixteen tramps."—Philadelphia Record.

Three trains a day Chicago to California, Oregon and Washington. Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western Line.

Wantanno—"I wonder if Gabsky will recite for me at my little party this evening?" Duzno—"He will unless you know some as yet undiscovered way to prevent him."—Baltimore American.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. Samuel, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Our Artist—"What a lovely view you have here, my good lady." Old Lady (who has lived there all her life)—"Ah, so I hear from all sides!"—Punch.

Three solid through trains daily Chicago to California. Chicago. Union Pacific & North-Western Line.

The probability is that only men who don't know how they do it ever live to be 100.—Puck.

Putnam Fadeless Dyes are fast to light and washing.

The average small change of gossip works small change for good.—Ram's Horn.

Some men are too busy to grow old.—Chicago Daily News.

Very great men make no friends. They know better.—N. O. Times-Democrat.

In the Auto.—"I ran across old Hopkins in Boston yesterday." "Casually?" "No; fatally."—Harvard Lampoon.

A pauper has his pleasures. For instance, it is very agreeable to consider what one would do with the money one doesn't possess.—N. O. Times-Democrat.

Not Alarmed.—Struggling Artist—"At the rates you pay I would soon starve to death." Dealer—"Vell, ven you are det, I gan zell your bictures vat I half at a goot profit."—N. Y. Weekly.

An Insinuation.—"I say, Jones," said Smith, "what did you give for that horse?" "My note," replied Jones. "Well," rejoined Smith, "you certainly got a bargain."—Chicago Daily News.

A Burning Question.—"Pa," said little Morris, "why did the man put his light under a bushel?" "I don't know," answered pa, after some reflection; "but I suppose that the bushel was very heavily insured."—N. Y. Sun.

"You remember that landscape I made of your place?" said D'Auber. "Well, I haven't been able to sell it yet." "It must be very realistic," replied Subbubs, "for I haven't been able to sell the place yet, either."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Neck and Neck.—"Let me write the songs of a nation and I care not who makes its laws," said the musical young man. "Oh, I don't know," replied the practical young woman. "I guess there are about as many ragtime laws as there are ragtime songs."—Comfort.

"I am afraid the nobleman who is to become your son-in-law has not much talent for business." "I don't know," answered Mr. Cumrox. "If he can manage to get as good prices for other merchandise as he does for a title, I'll trust him to take his chances in business."—London Tit-Bits.

Mrs. Anderson, a prominent society woman of Jacksonville, Fla., daughter of Recorder of Deeds, West, who witnessed her signature to the following letter, praises **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—There are but few wives and mothers who have not at times endured agonies and such pain as only women know. I wish such women knew the value of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** It is a remarkable medicine, different in action from any I ever knew and thoroughly reliable.

"I have seen cases where women doctored for years without permanent benefit, who were cured in less than three months after taking your Vegetable Compound, while others who were chronic and incurable came out cured, happy, and in perfect health after a thorough treatment with this medicine. I have never used it myself without gaining great benefit. A few doses restores my strength and appetite, and tones up the entire system. Your medicine has been tried and found true, hence I fully endorse it."—MRS. R. A. ANDERSON, 225 Washington St., Jacksonville, Fla.

Mrs. Reed, 2425 E. Cumberland St., Philadelphia, Pa., says:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to write and tell you the good I have received from **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"I have been a great sufferer with female trouble, trying different doctors and medicines with no benefit. Two years ago I went under an operation, and it left me in a very weak condition. I had stomach trouble, backache, headache, palpitation of the heart, and was very nervous; in fact, I ached all over. I find yours is the only medicine that reaches such troubles, and would cheerfully recommend **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** to all suffering women."

When women are troubled with irregular or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, flatulence, general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** at once removes such troubles.

The experience and testimony of some of the most noted women of America go to prove, beyond a question, that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will correct all such trouble at once by removing the cause and restoring the organs to a healthy and normal condition. If in doubt, write Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass, as thousands do. Her advice is free and helpful.

No other medicine for women in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles. Refuse to buy any substitute.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Millions Use

CASCARETS. Surprising, isn't it, that within three years our sales are over TEN MILLION boxes a year? That proves merit. Cascarets do good for so many others, that we urge you to try just a 10c box. Don't put it off! Do it to-day.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

When you ask for Cascarets, don't let the dealer substitute something else. There is nothing else as good as Cascarets, and if you are not pleased we pay your money back. 10c, 25c, 50c, all druggists. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Best for the Bowels

402

Bromo-Seltzer
Promptly cures all
Headaches

GALL-STONE CURE. "Craemer's Calculus Cure" Is a Certain Remedy FOR GALL STONES. Stones in the Kidneys, Stones in the Urinary Bladder or Gravel, Biliousness, Sallow Complexion, Jaundice and all Stomach Troubles resulting from Biliousness. Write for Particulars. If your druggist does not keep it, order from us. WM. CRAEMER, 4100 N. Grand Ave., St. Louis, Mo. DRUGGISTS—WE SUPPLY YOU DIRECT.

I PAY SPOT CASH FOR MILITARY BOUNTY **LAND WARRANTS** issued to soldiers of any war. Write me at once. FRANK H. REGER, Barth Block, Denver, Colo.

PATENTS 48-page book FREE, highest references. FITZGERALD & CO., Box K, Washington, D. C.

A. N. K.—C 1902

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS. 25 CTS.

Handsome Corsage Ornament

IF Dame Fashion is heeded this year nothing but the length of her purse will regulate the quantity of jewels with which lovely woman will bedeck herself on state occasions. She will shine like icicles in the sun with diamonds, gleam like danger signals upon her friends, with rubies, and be trimmed with pearls like a prince in a pantomime. She will wear rings, brooches, earrings, bracelets, necklaces, buckles, cloak clasps, tiaras, all bejeweled, and as if this were not enough there are newly-designed corsage ornaments to tempt her fancy. The one pictured and described by the Brooklyn Eagle is of diamonds and pearls set in alternation

in the chains which connect the two bow-knots, which are studded with diamonds. The large pendant pearls are of the long shape now so much in request for hair ornaments, pendants and earrings. Altogether the ornament is one which might well adorn the gown of a princess. Made in semi-precious stones, the design would be within the reach of moderate incomes and would be a most decorative addition to the corsage of an evening or dinner costume.

DEATHS IN THE TUNNEL.

Terrible Fall of Rock In the New York Subway.

Dowie's Family History—Aluminum Patents — Increased Immigration. Sudden Death of Professor Thurston—New Trotting and Pacing Records—Injured Woman Given $50,000.

Ten men were killed by a cave-in of the roof and walls of the New York city subway tunnel at 195th street Saturday night and four were badly injured. All of the dead and injured were workmen, and most of them Italians.

The accident was the most disastrous that has occurred in the construction of the subway. At the point where the cave-in occurred a gang of 20 men were at work in the tunnel which is about 110 feet below the surface.

The tunnel was being bored by opening a perpendicular embrasure and blasting the sides to the right and left of this embrasure. Three blasts were arranged for by the drillers, the holes being charged well toward the roof. The drillers then withdrew and the three blasts were set off in rapid succession by electricity, loosening large quantities of rock.

The drillers say that about 10 minutes elapsed to allow the smoke to clear away before Timothy Sullivan, the foreman, and Electrician Schuette advanced, the latter intending to string wires and hang electric lamps to light the way.

They were followed by 16 workmen. The vanguard of the gang had reached the broken stone when a rumbling sound was heard. It grew in volume with lightning-like rapidity. Those in the rear had just time to turn about and run, when with a deafening crash hundreds of tons of rock fell on the men at the face of the boring.

The drillers and two or three Italians who were out of reach of the deluge of rocks were knocked flat on their faces by the rush of wind driven through the tunnel.

The cave-in released a natural spring in the earth above the tunnel and in a few minutes a stream of water was gushing in and trickling about the feet of the workmen and to some extent interfering with the work of rescue.

Dowie Family Story.

In a broken voice, with tears streaming down his face and his body shaking with emotion, John Alexander Dowie in Madison Square garden in New York Monday night before an audience of 10,000 persons, announced that he was not the son of John Murray Dowie of Essex, Ia., from whom he takes his patronymic, but of a British army officer of high family by a "Scotch marriage."

He heaped villification upon John Murray Dowie, who he declared had made his mother believe her marriage to Dowie's father was shameful. The army officer, he said, having been taken away by his relatives, his mother in the first flush of her shame had sought to give her son a name by marrying John Murray Dowie.

"My father was a man of high standing. He led one of the great charges in the Crimean war and died like a soldier at the head of his troops.

"I want to say that I never wanted this story to come out, but it is known that I am not the son of the miserable scoundrel who, in order to strike at me, sold the letters in which I reproached him, to the vile press of New York."

Weekly Trade Review.

Bradstreet's review of trade says:

The week's developments have favored an increase in the conservatism which has ruled in many lines for some time past. Good and poor reports combine to give an appearance of irregularity to general trade as a whole.

Fluctuations in grain prices have been numerous but complications have caused some covering in wheat, but the general drift was lower because of expected freer movement from the Northwest, favored by good weather.

Cotton prices reflect short covering due to a paring down of estimates of yield, based upon frost damage, stories of lighter than expected receipts, and rather better spinning demand here and abroad.

The iron and steel trades do not show much, if any, change. Prices are weak.

Stock prices at New York are irregular and somewhat heavy, following the shutting down of the Montana plants of the Amalgamated Copper company.

Decision on Aluminum Patents.

A case involving the entire aluminum industry of the country was decided in New York last week when the United States court of appeals handed down a decision upholding the validity of the so-called Bradley patent for smelting by the use of electricity.

The suit was one brought by the Electric Smelting and Aluminum company of Cleveland against the Pittsburg Reduction company, the only concern manufacturing aluminum in this country with plants at Niagara Falls and Massena, N. Y., and the court reversed the decision of the lower court, granted the Cleveland company an injunction restraining the Pittsburg Reduction company from the use of the processes at present employed and ordered an accounting of profits for the time that it has been manufacturing aluminum in infringement of the Bradley patent, some 12 years.

Says Panama Route Is Dead.

While President Roosevelt designated in his proclamation calling congress into extraordinary session on November 9 only the subject of Cuban reciprocity for consideration Senator Morgan of Alabama has indicated to some of his colleagues his intention of introducing a resolution bearing upon the isthmian canal question. He will demand consideration for the question raised, and will endeavor to show that the Panama route is beyond consideration and he will urge that it is the duty of the president, under the Spooner law, to construct the canal immediately by the Nicaraguan route.

Nearly a Million Immigrants.

The annual report of Immigration Commissioner General F. P. Sargent shows a large increase of steerage immigration over that of the preceding year, the aggregate for the fiscal year of 1903 being 857,046, an excess over that of last year of 208,303, or 32 per cent.

The statistics show an increase in immigration from all foreign sources. Of the total steerage immigration there came from Europe 814,507, from Asia 29,996 and from all other sources 12,573,

The total amount of money brought by them into the United States was $16,117,513.

Sudden Death of Professor Thurston.

Professor Robert H. Thurston, director of the Sibley colege of engineering, Cornell university, died suddenly at Ithaca Sunday night. He was sitting in his library shortly before 6 o'clock awaiting the arrival of former President Andrew D. White, Dean Huffcut of the college of law, Professor Hewett and others who were to be his guests at dinner, this being his 64th birthday. He seemed to fall asleep but when his wife made efforts to rouse him she found him unconscious and he died before a physician could be summoned. Heart disease was the cause of death.

Lou Dillon Trotted a Mile In 1:58½.

Lou Dillon, queen of trotters, safeguarded her supremacy by a wonderful performance at the Memphis Driving park Saturday afternoon. Paced by two runners, the celebrated little mare stepped a mile without a break in 1:58½, establishing a new world's record for trotting horses.

After the mare had been blanketed and sent to her barn, Sanders, her driver, said:

"It is my opinion that Lou Dillon can trot as fast as any horse in the world can pace, and next year I will show it."

Dan Patch Paced a Mile In 1:56¼.

The third day of the harness racing at the Memphis Trotting association track on Thursday last was made memorable by the magnificent performance of Dan Patch, who paced a mile in 1:56¼, clipping three-fourths of a second from the world's record of 1:57 held by Prince Alert and lowered his own record by two and three-quarters seconds.

Injured Woman Given $50,000.

The suit of Catherine Reddy of Yonkers against the New York Central for $100,000 damages, was begun before Supreme Court Judge Gaynor and a jury. Mrs. Reddy was brought into court in a chair carried by attendants. She was in a wreck on the New York Central at Fancher, a town near Niagara Falls, and claims to have been badly injured. Mrs. Reddy was awarded a verdict of $50,000, the largest sum ever awarded to a woman.

Senator Stewart Married.

At Atlanta, Ga., United States Senator William E. Stewart of Nevada and Mrs. Mary Agnes Cone, widow of the late Theodore C. Cone of Georgia, and for several years past a resident of Washington, were married Monday night. The bride and groom left for Washington.

Inoculated With Anti-Tetanic Serum.

Dr. L. D. Rood, a prominent physician of Des Moines, Ia., accidentally inoculated himself with anti-tetanic serum while attending a child who was dying of lockjaw and his friends were startled by his announcement that he expects to be dead in one week.

Died From a Fall Off West Rock.

G. B. Sherman of Cleveland, class of 1907, in Sheffield Scientific school died at Yale infirmary from hemorrhage of the brain, the result of a fall from West Rock, a cliff just outside the city, Sunday. Sherman was a grandson of the late General W. T. Sherman.

Thirty Libraries For Philadelphia.

The offer of Andrew Carnegie, made last January to donate $1,500,000 to Philadelphia for the establishment of 30 free libraries was favorably acted upon by a sub-committee of the committee of councils on public libraries

Dexter Private Park Sold.

The Orlando P. Dexter private park in the Adirondacks was sold last week for $50,000 to Alpheus and George Conger and Henry Phelps of Brushton The park contains 10,000 acres. No new developments have come to light regarding the Dexter murder.

Another Advance In Oil.

The Standard Oil company Monday advanced the wholesale price of all grades of refined oil 1 cent per gallon

Three men were killed and three se

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

I, Harry Hemphill, High Sheriff of the county of Cameron, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the County of Cameron, Pa., that an election will be held in the said county on Tuesday the 3rd day of November, A. D., 1903, it being the Tuesday following the first Monday of November, (the polls to be opened at 7 o'clock A. M. and closed at 7 o'cock P. M.), at which time the freemen of Cameron County will vote by ballot for the purpose of electing the following officers: One person for State Treasurer, one person for Auditor General, two persons for Judges of the Superior Court, one person for Associate Judge, one person Prothonotary, Register, Recorder and Clerk of the Courts, one person for District Attorney, one person for Coroner, one person for Jury Commissioner.

To vote a straight party ticket, mark a Cross (X) in the square opposite the name of the party of your choice in the first column.

A cross in the square opposite the name of any candidate indicates a vote for that candidate.

The voter may insert in the blank space at the bottom of each group, the name of any person whose name is not printed on the ballot for whom he desires to vote.

REPUBLICAN. ☐

DEMOCRATIC. ☐

PROHIBITION. ☐

SOCIALIST. ☐

CITIZENS. ☐

INDEPENDENCE. ☐

LABOR. ☐

STATE TREASURER. [Mark One.]

William L. Mathues,	Republican, Citizens,	☐
Joel G. Hill,	Democratic, Independence,	☐
Henry D. Patton,	Prohibition,	☐
John A. Smith,	Socialist,	☐
David E. Gilchrist,	Labor.	☐

AUDITOR GENERAL. [Mark One]

William P. Snyder,	Republican, Citizens,	☐
Arthur G. Dewalt,	Democratic, Independence,	☐
Elisha Kent Kane,	Prohibition,	☐
Wm. W. Atkinson,	Socialist,	☐
Wm. J. Eberle,	Labor.	☐

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT. [Mark Two.]

Thomas A. Morrison,	Republican, Citizens,	☐
John J. Henderson,	Republican, Citizens,	☐
John A. Ward,	Democratic, Independence,	☐
Calvin Rayburn,	Democratic, Independence,	☐
Matthew H. Stevenson,	Prohibition,	☐
Emmett D. Nichols,	Prohibition,	☐
Alfred Leach,	Socialist,	☐
Louis Goaziou,	Socialist,	☐
Wm. H. Thomas,	Labor,	☐
John Burshell,	Labor,	☐

ASSOCIATE JUDGE. [Mark One]

John McDonald,	Republican,	☐
J. Campbell Floyd,	Democrat,	☐

PROTHONOTARY, REGISTER, RECORDER and CLERK of the COURTS. [Mark One.]

C. Jay Goodnough,	Republican, Democratic,	☐

DISTRICT ATTORNEY. [Mark One.]

J. P. McNarney,	Republican,	☐

CORONER. [Mark One.]

Dr. E. O. Bardwell,	Republican,	☐

JURY COMMISSIONER. [Mark One]

James R. Batchelder,	Republican,	☐
O. L. Bailey,	Democrat,	☐

VOTING PLACES.

The place for holding the election for the Township of Shippen shall be at the building of the late J. S. Wiley, east of Portage wagon bridge in said Township.
For the West Ward of the borough of Emporium, at the Rink in said Ward.
For the Middle Ward of the Borough of Emporium, at the City Hall in said Ward.
For the East Ward of the borough of Emporium, at the Hose House in said Ward.
For the Township of Portage, at the Bath House building on the premises of E. D. Sizer.
For the Township of Lumber at the Alpine House.
For the Township of Gibson at the house of Julia Dent.
For the borough of Driftwood, at Borough Building.
For the Township of Grove at the Hotel of Joe. M. Shaffer.

ELECTION OFFICERS.

Notice is hereby given that every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every Member of Congress and of the State Legislature and of the Select or Common Council of any city, or Commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for except that of an election officer.

Given under my hand and seal at my office, in Emporium, Pa., this 20th day of October, A.D., 1903.

HARRY HEMPHILL, [Seal]
Sheriff of Cameron County.

All Smokers smoke the "W. H. Mayer" hand made cigar, the best five cent cigar on the market. Be sure you ask for it. 24-tf.

$30 Thirty Dollars $30.

Every day until November 30th, The Missouri Pacific Ry., will sell one way colonist tickets from St. Louis to points in California, Washington, and Oregon at rate of $30.00, Also special one way colonist tickets on the first and third Tuesdays of each months to points in Arkansas, Colorado, Kansas, New Mexico at about one half rate. For information, schedule of trains, rates, etc., address Jno. R. James, Central Passenger Agent, 905 Park Bldg., Pittsburg, Pa.

For Sale.

An ideal driving horse. One that will please you all day long.

One light single and one light double harness, one pair light sleighs and one platform wagon.

One yoke oxen, one two seated carriage with top, one road cart with top, and two open road carts.

As I have no use for the above mentioned, I can and will give you the worth of your money.

Terms: Cash, or approved paper, with reasonable time.

27-tf. FRANK SHIVES.

GOOD
Cedar Shingles

WILL KEEP OUT THE RAIN. WE HAVE THEM IN ALL GRADES.

C. B. HOWARD CO.

Do You Need It?

DON'T YOU WANT A LOAD OR TWO OF GOOD HARD WOOD? I SELL IT.

ROBT. CLARK.

34tf

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

A Cure For Dyspepsia.

I had Dyspepsia in its worst form and felt miserable most all of the time. Did not enjoy eating until after I used Kodol Dyspepsia Cure which has completely cured me—Mrs. W. W. Saylor, Hillord, Pa. No appetite, loss of strength, nervousness headache, constipation, bad breath, sour risings; indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach tronbles are quickly cured by the use of Kodol. Kodol represents the natural juices of digestion combined with the greatest known tonic and reconstructive properties. It cleanses, purifies and sweetens the stomach. Sold by R. C. Dodson.

Low-Rate Homeseekers' Excursion to Florida,

For the benefit of homeseekers, the various railroads to Florida will sell on November 11 special excursion tickets from Washington to the following points at rates quoted:—

Sarasota,	Fla.	$30 05
Braidentown,	"	29 70
Ellenton,	"	29 70
Palmetio,	"	29 70
Manatee,	"	29 70
Punta Gorda,	"	30 90
Arcadia,	"	30 15

Those tickets will be good going on November 11 only, and will return within fifteen days, and will not be good to stop off in either direction.

In connection with these excursions, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell one way excursion tickets to Washington, at regular rates, from all stations on its lines east of Pittsburg and Erie, together with exchange orders on the railroads out of Washington for an excursion ticket from Washington to the above mentioned points at rates quoted.

THE EMPORIUM
Bottling Works
HENRY KRAFT, Prop.

Is prepared to make your summer season one of good cheer.

Finest Domestic Wines and Beers,

Embracing all the popular brands. Fine line of light wines, guaranteed absolutely pure.

Celebrated Erie Beer

ALWAYS READY.

Send your orders by letter or [illegible] early.

44-ly

L. TAGGART, the Popular Druggist Whose aim is always to serve the Public with only the best of everything in his line.

Has been successful in securing

THE SOLE AGENCY

For a Remedy which they do not ask you to buy on the strength of Published Testimonials but will give it Free for 10 days to each person who desires to try

The Greatest Blood, Nerve and Stomach Remedy Ever Offered to the Suffering Public.

Ask them for a free trial package of the Dr. Lyon Home Treatment for Catarrh, Blood, Nerve and Stomach Disease. It is Guaranteed to cure all Stomach, Bowel and Liver Troubles, and the best medicines for pale, weak women. This medicine has stood the tests. It is recommended by physicians and all who use is. It is Free to Try. It will cleanse, soothe and heal the mucus membrane of the whole system. Makes new blood and strong nerves. It Removes the Cause of Disease. Nature will do the rest. It contains no stimulant, opiate, or other poison. It is a pure botanical product, which restores health to all who use it. *Procure the free trial to-day at* TAGGART'S.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 1630 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

Sold by R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa

THE CHAMPION MIXED PAINT

Sold by **L. TAGGART** has no superior.

Fourteen years ago I painted my house with these paints and am now, for the first time since, repainting it. H. L. Smith, the painter, says he never knew of a house in better condition for painting after having stood so long.

A gentleman, whose name I will not mention, living in our town, painted his house thirteen years ago, with these paints and he has engaged some paints to repaint, saying that he would have no other.

Dr. Heilman will also testify as to the merits of these paints. County jail painted four years ago. John Lind's two houses painted two years ago and many others, all speak for the virtue and staying qualities of these paints, and is better evidence than any man's word. Look at them; then buy the Champion paints and paint your house and be happy.

Also paper your house with the elegant wall paper at Taggart's and be doubly happy.

DeWitt

DeWitt is the name to look for when you go to buy Witch Hazel Salve. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is the original and only genuine. In fact DeWitt's is the only Witch Hazel Salve that is made from the unadulterated

Witch-Hazel

All others are counterfeits—base imitations, cheap and worthless—even dangerous. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is a specific for Piles; Blind, Bleeding, Itching and Protruding Piles. Also Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Sprains, Lacerations, Contusions, Boils, Carbuncles, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, and all other Skin Diseases.

SALVE

PREPARED BY
E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago

EVERY WOMAN
Sometimes needs a reliable monthly regulating medicine.
DR. PEAL'S
PENNYROYAL PILLS,
Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. $1.00 per box.

Sold by R. C. Dodson, druggist